

**MUMEYA**  
Japanese Photographers.  
All kinds of Photographs.  
Work done in latest styles  
also Passport Photos.  
Developing and Printing for  
Amateurs a Speciality.  
No. 21, Queen's Road Central  
T. 254.

# The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

**OVERLAND CHINA MAIL**  
(PUBLISHED EVERY  
MAIL DAY.)  
Contains the Week's News  
of Hongkong and the  
Far East.  
Prices (including Postage) to any  
part of the world \$12  
per annum.

No. 17,016.

號七廿月一十年七十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1917.

日丁大歲年六國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month

THORNE'S

**OLD VAT**  
No. 4.  
SCOTCH WHISKY.

SOLE AGENTS.

**A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd**  
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
HONGKONG.  
(Tel. 618.)



NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or  
INDIAN desiring to leave the  
Colony should apply in person at the  
Central Police Station between the hours  
of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.  
daily.  
Applicants will be required to produce  
Passports or identification papers. All  
persons, with certain exceptions, who  
remain in the Colony for more than  
7 days are required to Register them-  
selves under the REGISTRATION OF  
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms of  
Registration giving the particulars  
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.  
and all Police Stations.  
The Penalty for non compliance is a  
fine not exceeding \$50.

**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE**  
INSURANCE CO.  
WHICH ARE THE HEADS OF  
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LTD.,  
and  
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS  
ASSURANCE CO.

**TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914,**  
\$23,970,367.  
I—Authorized Capital \$25,000,000.  
Subscribed Capital \$24,500,000.  
Paid-up Capital \$22,437,600.  
II—Fire Funds..... 3,337,047  
III—Life & Annuity Funds..... 17,567,580  
Sinking Fund Account..... 128,234  
\$23,970,367

Revenue Fire Branch..... \$2,381,456  
" Life and Annuity..... 2,141,583  
Revenue Marine Department..... 337,239  
Other Receipts..... 478,940  
\$5,339,228  
The Accumulative Funds of the various  
Branches are separately invested, and, by  
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet  
the claims under the respective Depart-  
ments of the Company's Business.  
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.  
Agents.

**PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY**  
LIMITED  
TIME TABLE.

**WEEK DAYS**  
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
**VISIT DAYS**  
4.40 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 11.00  
p.m. every half hour.  
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of  
an hour.

**SUNDAYS**  
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
6.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
**NIGHT CARS** as on Week Days.

**SATURDAY**  
Extra Car at 12 midnight.  
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the  
Company's Office, Alexandra, BURNING'S  
Des Vaux Road Central.  
Season and punch tickets available for  
all cars not already full running at the  
time stated in the Company's time tables,  
but not for special cars, can be obtained  
on application at the Company's Office.  
No Season ticket will be issued until  
payment or order has been made in Bank  
Money or by Cheque or Comptroller order  
representing Bank Note.  
**JOHN D. HUMPHREYS, JR.**  
General Manager.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

**W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.**

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels,  
Steel Building Work of every Description,  
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

**DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO.**

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS



TELEPHONE 482.  
COME AND INSPECT  
BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

**THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.**  
Established 1883  
MANUFACTURERS OF

**PURE Manila ROPE**

STRAND 1" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.  
CABLE Laid 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.  
4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE.

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.  
Price, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to  
**Shewan, Tomes & Co. General Managers.**

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

**WATSON'S EUMINTOL**

A Liquid Dentifrice having all the Characteristics  
of Odol

Applied directly on the brush it cleanses the teeth and  
prevents their decay.

When mixed with water it forms a pleasant antiseptic mouth  
wash, which purifies and refreshes the whole mouth.

Price \$1.25 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.**

HONGKONG AND CHINA.

TEL. 16.

**THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.**

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON  
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have  
over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any craft  
of 200 feet long.  
Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 459.  
Shipyard, Sham-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 8.  
Estimates furnished on application. **WONG PING WA, Manager**  
Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

**KING EDWARD HOTEL**

Central Location.

ALL Kowloon Trams Pass Entrance.  
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.  
European Balns and Sanitary Fixings.  
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.  
Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373.  
TELEGRAPH ADDRESS:  
"VANDORA." **W. W. WHELAN**  
Manager.

**FRENCH LESSONS**

G. MOUSSON.

15, Morrison Hill Road.

**TANG YUK DING**, successor of  
the late SHUN TING,  
14, D'ARVILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.  
Consultative free.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

**TAIKOO DOCKYARD.**  
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES.  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.  
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—  
—OF HONGKONG LTD.—  
AGENTS—  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.  
—TELEPHONE NO. 212—  
—TELEGRAPHIC AD.—  
"TAIKOO DOCKYARD"

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.**

**PORTLAND CEMENT**

In Casks of 975 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.**

GENERAL MANAGERS

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL**

AND

**GRILL ROOM**

J. H. TAGGART,  
MANAGER.

**PEAK HOTEL.**

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.

Telephones for all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies

rooms, Roof Garden.

Terms—From \$5 per day Mex. Telegraph add: "Peacocks,"

P.O. PEUSTER,  
Manager.

**TO THOSE GOING AWAY**

Keep in touch with local happenings  
by subscribing to

**"THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"**

All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.

ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE, SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE  
IT WHILE AWAY.

From 313 PM ADAMS, HONGKONG POSTAL

CAN BE MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS FROM THE

"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

**THE WAR.**

**TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.**

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

**THE BRITISH BATTLE FRONT.**

THE ENEMY'S FAILURE.

London, Nov. 26.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—  
The enemy has not repeated his  
attacks on the Bourlon position since  
yesterday's failure, and the situation,  
therefore, is unchanged.

There has been considerable  
mutual artillery activity to the north-  
east of Ypres and on the Paschen-  
daele sector.

There was no infantry action.  
Later in the evening we again  
advanced and completely restored the  
situation, inflicting heavy casualties.

The Germans, as the price of their  
very temporary success over our  
troops, are reported to be in posses-  
sion of the streets of Bourlon Vill-  
age, but the possession of this place is  
relatively of minor importance in  
view of our occupation of the Wood  
which is dominating this spot and the  
entire battleground.

Our capture of 100 guns are all  
legitimate artillery weapons, and not  
merely a collection largely made up  
of trench mortars which the Ger-  
mans count in their tactical captures.

A great feature of the fighting has  
been the daring achievements of the  
airmen. Their reconnoitring work  
was mostly effected within pistol  
shot of the enemy. Amid showers of  
bullets a flotilla of aeroplanes rescued  
some Tanks, which were held at bay  
on the north-east corner of the Wood,  
by drenching the assailants with  
Lewis gun fire. Some airmen drop-  
ped a couple of 25 pound bombs  
right in the middle of a marching  
column of Germans and nothing was  
left except the craters, surrounded  
by heaps of corpses. Other exploits  
were equally successful and some of  
the aviators returned with their  
machines and clothes riddled with  
bullets.

**SOME ASPECTS OF THE BATTLEFRONT.**

London, Nov. 26.

Reuter's Correspondent at Head-  
quarters, telegraphing to-day, states  
that since the last heavy German  
counter-attack last evening, which  
pressed us back from the north-  
eastern portion of Bourlon village,  
there has been no infantry activity  
on the Cambrai battle area.

The tactical situation is not ap-  
preciably affected by this small  
enemy recovery, since we still possess  
the high ground dominating the  
German positions over a wide stretch  
of the front.

One effect of our command of the  
high ground is that it has been  
reported by patrols that they found  
that certain enemy trench elements  
had been abandoned during the night,  
manifestly owing to the advisability  
of readjusting their line in order to  
minimise the destructive results of  
our heavy fire which we are able to  
concentrate under direct observation.  
Occasional bursts of fierce German  
shelling, during the night, were  
probably designed to cover these  
withdrawals.

There is nothing in these move-  
ments to indicate any design on the  
part of the enemy to retreat; they  
are merely the natural fruits of our  
success in the Bullecourt area.

The weather is now bitterly cold  
with a shrill north wind and a cloud-  
less sky. The visibility is excellent,  
therefore large numbers of our air-  
men are up.  
Despite the heavy rain squalls  
during the past 24 hours, the ground  
is drying rapidly and the going is

pretty good everywhere on the battle-  
field.  
Great activity is reported behind  
the German front.

**GERMAN REPORT.**

London, Nov. 26.

A German official message states:  
Obstinate enemy attacks at Inchy  
failed.

We repulsed minor advances  
against Bourlon and cleared out the  
English nests, which remained be-  
hind our lines, near Bourlon, taking  
300 prisoners.

We progressed on the south-  
western edge of Bourlon Wood and  
to the westward of Fontaine.

We repulsed attacks to the north  
of Banteaux and to the east of  
Gricourt.

A French attack, on a four-kilo-  
metre front, between Samogneux  
and Peaumont, broke down.

**THE KING'S CONGRATULATIONS.**

London, Nov. 26.

The King has telegraphed to Sir  
Douglas Haig:

"I congratulate you, General  
Byng and his troops upon the suc-  
cessful operations in the neighbour-  
hood of Cambrai. The complete  
surprise effected by such novel  
methods of warfare has been received  
with the utmost satisfaction through-  
out the Empire, holding out great  
hopes for the future. It is gratifying  
that the Tanks, a purely British  
invention, played an important part."

**NEW FRENCH POSITION ORGANISED.**

London, Nov. 26.

A French communiqué states:—  
There has been great artillery  
activity on the right of the Meuse,  
in the region to the north of HHI  
344, where we organised the con-  
quered position.

**THE ITALIAN FRONT**

**GERMANS BRINGING UP HEAVY ARTILLERY.**

Rome, Nov. 26.

A message dealing with the last  
fortnight's hard fighting on the Piave  
line states that half-a-dozen enemy  
attacks, on a ten mile front on the  
Monte Fenestre-Onteraccia-San  
Marino line, were repulsed.

The enemy was obliged to with-  
draw three Divisions because they  
were literally nearly destroyed. The  
slopes are strewn with the corpses  
of the Prussian Guards and Austrian  
Jaegers.

The prisoners acknowledge that the  
Italian resistance is beyond belief  
and say they only hope to break it  
with the assistance of heavy artil-  
lery, the arrival of which is daily  
expected.

**ATTACKS BY ENEMY MASSES DEFINITELY REPULSED.**

London, Nov. 26.

An Italian official message states:  
Enemy masses, yesterday, again  
attacked between the Brenta and the  
Piave.

On the left wing, an attack on  
Monte Petica was promptly crushed.  
Our counter-attacks repulsed every  
fresh enemy attempt.

The Alpine troops annihilated their  
assailants at Tasson.

The enemy pressure was strongest  
at the centre, but was definitely  
repulsed.

We took 200 prisoners.  
We repulsed an enemy attack on  
our right, from Monte Fenestre taking  
some prisoners.

**GERMAN REPORT.**

London, Nov. 26.

A German official message states:  
We achieved local successes in the  
mountains against the Italians.  
(Continued on Page 2.)



INTIMATIONS

HEATHER DAY.  
GENERAL DISTRICT.

LADIES ASSISTING in the Sale of  
BADGES, COLLECTING, etc. are  
requested to call at the City Hall on  
TUESDAY, 27th instant, between the  
hours of 10 a.m. and 6 p.m., to receive  
their Badges, Pins and Buttons, etc.  
Hongkong, Nov. 26, 1917. 2325

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

WILL the Ladies who have offered  
to send Cakes, Scones, Puddings  
and Sweets to the "HEATHER  
DAY" STALL kindly let Miss ANTON  
have them in the Fair Grounds on the  
morning of November 30th between  
the hours of 10 a.m. to 12 noon.  
It will facilitate matters if other  
articles are sent before that date to the  
Convenors of the several Districts,  
viz—

Mrs. MILLOT ..... West Point.  
Mrs. SHAW ..... East Point.  
Mrs. TEMPLETON ..... Quarry Bay.  
Mrs. NEAVE ..... Kowloon.  
Mrs. CHARTERIS ..... The Peak.  
Mrs. BLAKE ..... Central District.  
Hongkong, Nov. 17, 1917. 2326

G. R.  
SANITARY BOARD OFFICE,  
HONGKONG.

OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.

TAKE NOTICE that under No. 3 of the  
DOMESTIC CLEANLINESS and  
VENTILATION BYE-LAWS (as amend-  
ed), every Domestic Building or part of  
each Building within the EASTERN  
Division of the City of Victoria, and the  
EASTERN Division of Kowloon and New  
Kowloon, occupied by members of more  
than one family, except those within the  
European Reservation or in Kowloon  
South of Austin Road, or those parts of a  
Domestic Building used as a Shop, Office  
or Godown, must be CLEANSED and  
LIMEWASHED THROUGHOUT by the  
Owners during the months of October and  
November.

N.B.—The word "throughout" used in  
this Notice means that the Houses should be  
limewashed in respect of all the Walls of  
each Room, all Cupboards, Partitions, Stair  
Cases and Stair Landings, all Ceilings and  
the Under-sides of Roofs in Main  
Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters  
and inclusive of Verandahs.  
The Backyard must have its Containing  
Walls limewashed up to the level of the  
First Floor.  
Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork  
in good condition, however, need not be  
limewashed, but must be Cleaned.

The EASTERN Division of the City  
of Victoria is bounded on the West by  
Gilmair Street and Peel Street.

Kowloon is divided into the Eastern  
and Western Divisions by Nathan Road  
and a straight line drawn from the  
North and through the Yau-nan service  
reservoir to the Northern Boundary of  
Kowloon.

C. M. W. REYNOLDS,  
Secretary.

Dated this 23rd day of November, 1917.  
2322

HILDESHEIM MISSION FOR  
BLIND GIRLS.

THE "BLINDENHEIM" and the  
"BERNESEER SCHOOL" will have  
their ANNUAL SALE OF HAND  
KNITTED ARTICLES from the 26th of  
Nov. till the 1st of Dec. between 9-12  
a.m. and 2-6 p.m. in the lower rooms of  
the Rhenish Mission Chapel, Bonham  
Road, opposite St. Stephen's College.  
All friends and those who are interest-  
ed cordially invited.  
Hongkong, Nov. 24, 1917. 2323

NOTICE.

THE MOTOR UNION INSURANCE  
CO., LTD.  
(Fire & Marine)

HAVING been appointed Agents to  
the above Company we are  
prepared to accept risks and issue  
policies at current rates.

UNION TRADING CO.,  
Agents.  
Queen's Buildings,  
Hongkong, Nov. 13, 1917. 2323

ALFRED HYNDMAN  
43 Wyndham Street.

Has for sale  
CARBON PAPER at \$1.00 per dozen  
sheets  
RIBBONS at \$1.80 each.

UNDERTAKES to clean and repair  
Typewriters at \$12.00 per machine  
per annum.  
For particulars apply to the above  
address.  
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1917. 2375

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

WHO ESSE! Indents promptly  
executed at lowest cash prices  
on all British and Continental goods,  
including  
Books and Stationery,  
Boots, Shoes and Leather,  
Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries,  
China, Earthenware and Glassware,  
Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories,  
Drapery, Millinery and Fancy Goods,  
Fancy Goods and Perfumery,  
Hardware, Machinery and Metals,  
Jewellery, Plate and Watches,  
Photographic and Optical Goods,  
Provisions and Groceries, etc., etc.,  
at the lowest prices.

Consignment 2 1/2 % to 5 %.  
Trade Discounts allowed.  
Special Quotations on Demand.  
Sample Cases from £10 upwards.  
Consignment of Goods Sold on Account.  
WILLIAM WILSON & SONS  
(Incorporated in U.K.)  
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.  
Cable Address: "WILSON & SONS."  
Sole Agents for Hongkong.

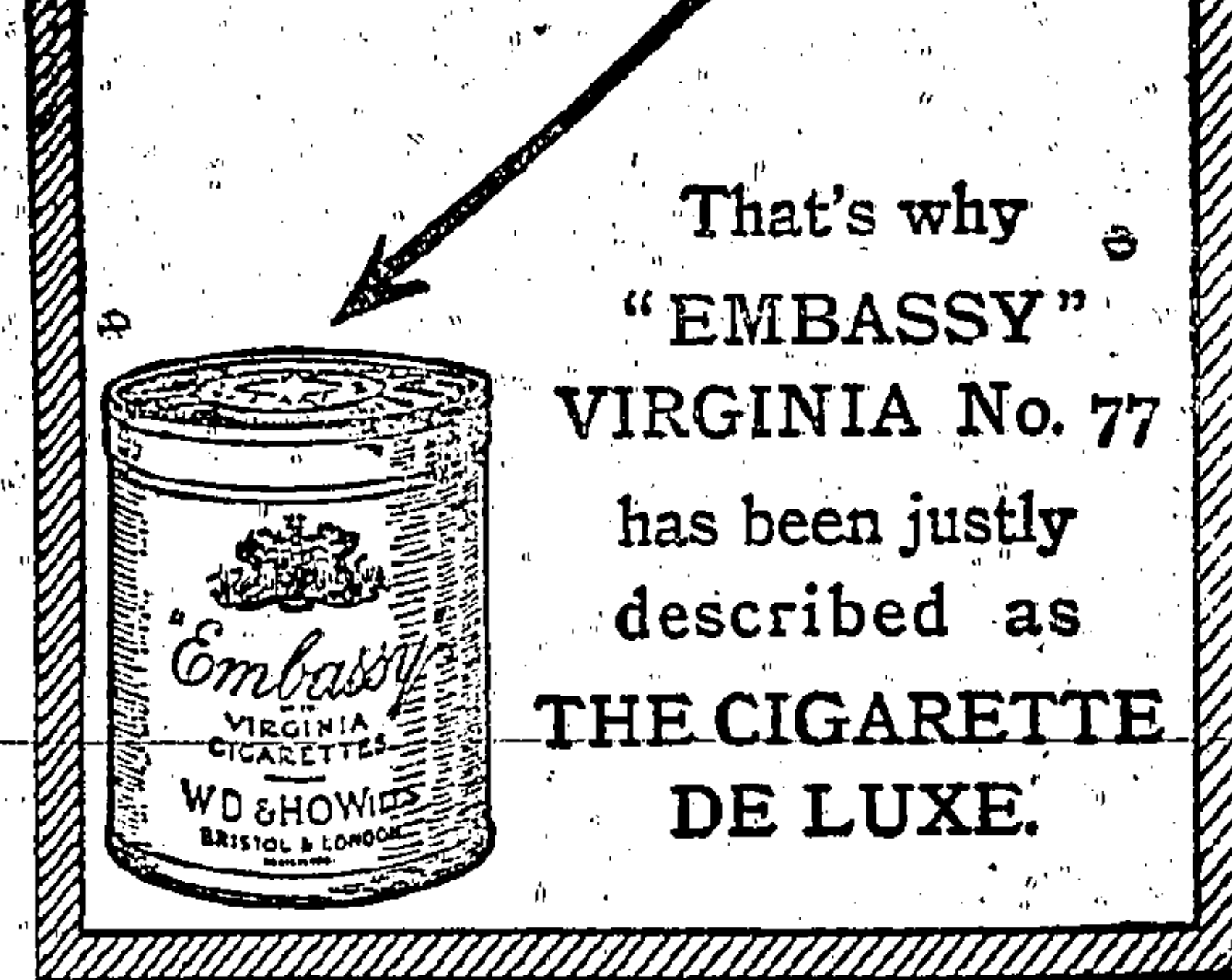
THE CHINA MAIL

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1917.



The Perfect Cigarette

QUALITY is the point  
which is necessary  
in an enjoyable  
Cigarette.



THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ISSUED BY THE  
BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO Co., Ltd.

CORRESPONDENCE.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN SAILORS'  
SOCIETY CENTENARY FUND.

[To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL"]

SIR,—At the invitation of the Direc-  
tors of the British and Foreign Sailors'  
Society I have undertaken to issue a  
special appeal on behalf of the great  
National work carried on by the Society  
for our Sailors and for those who are  
dear to them. Her Majesty Queen  
Alexandra has graciously expressed her  
approval of the appeal, and her earnest  
hope that it will receive the generous  
support of the British people.

The British and Foreign Sailors'  
Society is about to complete its  
hundredth year of service and a sum of  
not less than £250,000 will be needed  
to ensure the continuance of its bene-  
ficient agencies. The success with  
which this work has been carried on,  
before and during the War, has won the  
confidence and appreciation of the  
authorities generally, and of the seamen  
themselves.

On the definite request of the Admi-  
ralty authorities, the Society is about to  
erect additional Naval Rests at various  
Naval Bases, for the welfare and com-  
fort of Sailors when on shore. The  
Society has also been urged to extend  
similar provision for Merchant Seamen  
in many ports.

I have seen evidence of the splendid  
relief work of this Society in providing  
clothes and food for Sailors interned in  
Germany; dispensing immediate  
practical assistance to disabled Sailors  
and dependants of Seamen who have  
fallen on War service; in providing an  
education for Sailors' orphans; and  
especially in feeding, sheltering, cloth-  
ing and forwarding to their various  
homes many thousands of Merchant  
Seamen whose vessels have been sunk  
by enemy action.

Surely there is no one who would  
willingly turn a deaf ear to the claims  
of these brave men and women, to whom  
the whole nation owes so profound a  
debt of gratitude! For their sake I  
sincerely hope that I may rely on the  
co-operation of your readers in a really  
generous response to the Centenary  
Appeal of the British and Foreign  
Sailors' Society. Letters can be address-  
ed to me at the Mail House, Admiralty,  
London, S.W., marked "B.F.S.S.  
Centenary."

Very truly yours,

(Signed) GWENDOLINE JELlicoe.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

It may be impossible to prevent an  
accident, but it is not impossible to  
be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Eye  
Salve is not beyond anyone's purse, and  
with a bottle of this liniment you are  
prepared for most anything. For sale  
by all Chemists and Druggists.

COUGHT WE TO FORGIVE.

CHRISTIANITY AND THE CRIMES  
OF THE HUNS.

Canon Anthony C. Deane (Vicar of All  
Saints, Ennismore Gardens) writes in  
the Sunday Pictorial: Ought we to for-  
give the Germans, and can we if we  
ought?

I have reason to know that many  
people are troubled as the face that  
question to-day. And they are distressed  
because the only answer they think  
possible seems to menace their religious  
belief.

On the one hand they have been told  
that to forgive our enemies is a funda-  
mental law of Christianity. On the  
other, no mere passing wave of indigna-  
tion, but the considered judgment of  
their moral sense, pronounces such for-  
giveness to be impossible.

"How can we forgive," they cry, "a  
nation guilty of unspeakable crimes? How  
can we pardon those whose devilish  
record stands naked in the eyes of the  
world? How can we forgive the butchers  
and outragers of women and children  
who gloat over the agony of their  
victims?"

"It is to make a demand as grotesque  
as impossible. Our attitude is un-  
Christian!" Well, in that case, un-Christ-  
ian it must be. We do not question the  
historic truth of that religion, or deny  
the beauty of its ideals. But it will not  
serve as a working creed for the world  
as we find it to-day. Christianity re-  
quires us to forgive our enemies. We  
find such forgiveness, sagaciously im-  
possible. We are driven, therefore, to  
abandon Christianity."

A DILEMMA.  
That is the dilemma. It seems real  
enough, yet it rises from a strange mis-  
conception. Our ideas of the divine  
teaching are based too often upon a  
rather hazy recollection of isolated  
texts instead of upon a careful study  
of the Gospels as a whole.

It is perfectly true that the Founder  
of Christianity taught us to forgive our  
enemies. It is perfectly untrue that he  
taught us to forgive wrongdoers while  
they remain impotent. Emphatically  
he makes repentance the condition of  
forgiveness.

"If thy brother sin against thee, and  
he repent, forgive him" is a maxim  
widely different from that which popular  
imagination attributes to Christ. I will  
not multiply quotations; the reader has  
only to study the Gospels with care to  
find how universal in them is the prin-  
ciple. Without it indeed, the whole  
moral law would be nullified. And I  
need not dwell upon the tremendous  
warning which this principle involves for  
ourselves. But here is the fact: Forgive-  
ness, whether human or divine, can only  
follow in Christ's view, upon repen-  
tance. And "repentance" implies far  
more than "regret" or "remorse." It  
translates a word meaning literally, "a  
changed will."

"Ought we to forgive?" Here, then,  
is the reply to our question. I have  
dealt with it apart, obviously, from all  
considerations of political or commercial  
expediency—considerations which, im-  
portant as they may be, belong to an-  
other and a lower plane. My aim has  
been simply to show our moral instinct  
and the teaching of Christianity do not  
at many people fear, supply conflicting  
answers.

To forgive an unrepentant Germany, so  
far from being a religious action, would  
be flatly to contradict both the teaching  
and the example of Christ.

PHILATELISTS' NEW CURIO.

A mistake by the United States Go-  
vernment in printing its sheets of two-  
cent stamps has given wide-awake  
dealers an opportunity to indulge in the  
liveliest speculation in current stamps  
that has been known for several years.  
It is the first time, since the American  
Government began issuing adhesive post-  
age stamps in 1847, that an actual error  
in value has been made. On one of  
the plates of the red two-cent stamps  
there are three stamps bearing the  
numeral "9" on each side of the word  
"cents," instead of "2." When the  
error was discovered the Post Office  
Department recalled all the copies, but a  
large number of them got out, and the  
collectors of United States stamps have  
been making great efforts to get them.  
The error plate contains four sheets of  
100 stamps each. One of these sheets has  
one error and another sheet contains two  
errors. When the mistake was first  
discovered, and it was believed few  
sheets had been sold, a few of the com-  
plete sheets, with the errors, sold for  
\$200 and more apiece. It is estimated  
that 50,000 plates were printed with the  
errors. There has been a steady fall in  
price, and recently a dealer sold a few  
copies at auction, the first time they have  
been offered at public sale. A single  
error brought \$7.10, while copies of the  
two errors, which are connected in the  
double-error sheet, went for \$11.60. A  
complete sheet of the single error went  
for \$7.00.

The Man Who  
Gets There

Is the man who has blood—  
real rich red blood and  
plenty of it—his body.  
WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND  
makes blood—his oil—life-  
giving, brain-purifying,  
strength-replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices \$1.50 and \$2.25

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,  
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,  
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,  
[ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,  
High Class English Jewellery

KAIPING COAL

INDUSTRIAL AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES  
FOUNDRY AND SMELTING COKE  
FIREBRICK AND FIRECLAY

FOR ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO  
DODWELL & CO., LTD., QUEEN'S  
BUILDINGS, HONGKONG, OR

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION,  
TIENTSIN, NORTH CHINA.

HORLICK'S  
MALTED MILK

Pure full-cream milk, enriched with choice malted  
barley & wheat, in powder form. Keeps indefinitely.



THE FOOD DRINK  
FOR ALL AGES.

A refreshing and sustaining beverage  
instantly ready by the addition of hot or  
cold water only. No cooking. Nourishing  
and convenient.

Of all Chemists and Stores,  
In 3 Sizes, 1/6, 2/6, and 11/- (in England).

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENG.

PRINTING OF EVERY

executed at the Offices of

THE "CHINA MAIL" LTD.,

5, Wyndham Street.

COMMERCIAL FORMS ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAMMES  
SHIPPING FORMS WINE LISTS  
CIRCULARS MENUS  
PAMPHLETS INVITATION CARDS

BOOKBINDING.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.  
Codes Used: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition, Engineering First and Second Editions, Western Union, and Watkins.  
Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,  
Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians,  
ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR  
Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained  
workmen under expert European supervision.  
All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.  
Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SHIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS					
NAME OF DOCK OR SHIP	LENGTH OF KEEL BLOCKS	DEPTH OF KEEL BLOCKS	DEPTH OF WATER AT LOW TIDE	DEPTH OF WATER AT HIGH TIDE	RISE OF TIDE
KOWLOON					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	700	10	10	10	0
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	170	10	10	10	0
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	140	10	10	10	0
Patent Slip, No. 1, Kowloon	140	10	10	10	0
Patent Slip, No. 2, Kowloon	140	10	10	10	0
TALCOCK STREET					
Compensation Dock	440	10	10	10	0
ASTORIA					
Large Dock	250	10	10	10	0
Small Dock	150	10	10	10	0

W. M. DYER, ENG. M.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.  
Address: Registered to the Chief Manager.

INTIMATIONS



YOUR EYES

SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED

At the first symptom  
of eye strain you should  
consult us. We test  
eyes scientifically and fit  
glasses to individual re-  
quirements.



HONGKONG & MANILA.

MITSUBISHI COSHIKWAISHA  
(Mitsubishi Co.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF:

TAKASHIMA, OCHI MUTANE  
KISHIMOTO, YOSHINOBU  
HOJO, NAMAZUTA, SAYO KANADA  
SHINNEW, KAMIYAMADA, SIBAI  
& OYUBARI COLLIERIES.

AGENT FOR SAKITO COAL

Head Office:—

MARUNOUCHI, TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES:—

Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu, Wakamatsu  
Osaka, Minoraka, Hakodetsu, Kobe  
Otsu, Kure, Tokyo, Yokohama,  
Nagoya, Tsunaga, Vladivostok,  
Rangoon, Peking, Dairen,  
Tientsin, London, New York,  
Shanghai, Hongkong,  
Haiphong, Canton,  
and Singapore.

Cable Address:—"IWASAKI"  
Codes:—A1, A.B.C. 4th Ed.  
Western Union, and Bentley's.

AGENCIES:—

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing &  
Co.  
MANILA: Messrs Macondray &  
Co.  
SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co.  
Ltd.  
GLASGOW: Messrs A.B. Brown  
McFarlane & Co., Ltd.  
For Particulars, apply to  
S. KAWATE,  
Manager,  
No. 2, PRINCE STREET,  
HONGKONG.

WAI KEE.

FLAG & SAILMAKER

No. 129, Des Voeux Road Central,  
Top Floor,  
HONGKONG  
Telephone No. 1833.



## Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers  
Share, Coal and General Produce  
Brokers and Commission  
Agents.

PROPRIETORS  
To-Kwa-Wan Coal Storage.

Codes used  
Bentley's  
A. B. C. 4th & 5th Editions.  
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address  
"MELBURN" HONGKONG.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned), on

**WEDNESDAY,**  
the 28th November, 1917, at 11 a.m.,  
at No. 17, Chatham Road,  
Kowloon.

**SUNDY**  
**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**  
contained therein.  
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).  
On view from Tuesday 27th at 3 o'clock.  
Terms—Cash.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Nov. 24, 1917. 2324

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned), on

**WEDNESDAY,**  
the 28th November, 1917, at 5 p.m.,  
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,  
Des Vaux Road, Corner of  
Ice House Street.

A FINE COLLECTION OF  
**BRITISH COLONIAL STAMPS.**  
Comprising—

Jamaica, New Zealand, Queensland,  
St. Christopher, St. Helena, St. Lucia,  
St. Vincent, Sarawak, Seychelles, Sierra  
Leone, Straits Settlements, Selangor and  
Sungei Ujong-Sudan, Tobago Tonga,  
Transvaal, Trinidad, Turks Island,  
Victoria, forming Part II of the  
Collection.

Every stamp guaranteed perfectly  
genuine.  
(Particulars from Catalogue).  
On view 5th inst. from 2 p.m. and  
day of sale.

Terms—Cash.  
**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Nov. 19, 1917. 2310

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

**THURSDAY,**  
the 29th November, 1917, at 2.30 p.m.,  
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,  
Des Vaux Road, Corner of  
Ice House Street.

THE FOLLOWING CHINESE  
PORCELAINS, PATRIOTICALLY  
PRESENTED FOR SALE.

The proceeds of which are to be paid  
to the Heather Day Fund.

1 Pair large Light Blue and White Vases,  
1 Pair large Dark Blue—Hawthorne  
Vases,  
Kanghi.

1 Pair Mirror Black,  
1 5-Coloured Vase, Yungeching,  
1 do.  
1 Blue and White Ginger Jar, Kanghi,  
1 Fukien Pot, Kanghi.

1 Red and Gold Vase with Earrings,  
5-coloured,  
1 Pair Rice Bowls,  
2 Small Blue and White Vases and  
another.

1 Flat Vase pale green and gold,  
1 Coffee coloured Vase,  
Kwangtung Vase,  
1 Modern 5-coloured Vase,  
1 Blue and White small Vase,  
1 Japanese Kaga Vase,  
1 Salmon and White Vase.

Terms—Cash.  
**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Nov. 24, 1917. 2325

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned), on

**SATURDAY,**  
the 1st December, 1917, at 10.30 a.m.,  
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,  
Des Vaux Road, Corner of  
Ice House Street.

**MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.**  
Comprising—

Blankets, Counterpane, Sheets, &c.,  
Dress Materials, including Blue and  
White Berge (good quality), Prints,  
Holland, White Linen, Long Cloth, Drill,  
Flannelette, &c., Handkerchiefs, Gent's  
Silk Socks, Boys Suits, Towels, Toilet  
Samp, Perfumery, a few pairs White Lace  
Curtains, &c.

Over one hundred, a number of pairs  
of Gent's Boots and Shoes, comprising  
Black and Tan Boots and Shoes, White  
Kid Rubber Sole Shoes, Dress Shoes,  
several sets of House Slippers,  
&c., &c., &c.

Terms—Cash.  
**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, Nov. 24, 1917. 2326

## AUCTION.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S  
DEPARTMENT.

N.O.S. 208.—It is hereby notified that  
SEALED TENDERS in duplicate,  
which should be clearly marked "Tender  
for Quarry," will be received at this  
Office until Noon on MONDAY, the 3rd  
day of December, 1917, for the letting of  
the undermentioned Granite Quarries  
at Hongkong, Kowloon, and the New  
Territories, for one year from the 1st  
January, 1918.

Each tender must be accompanied by  
a receipt to the effect that the tenderer  
has deposited in the Colonial Treasury a  
sum of \$50 as a pledge of the bona fides  
of his offer, which sum shall be forfeited  
to the Crown if the tenderer refuses to  
carry out his tender and comply with  
the conditions hereinafter contained,  
should the tender be accepted.

The Government does not bind itself  
to accept the highest or any tender.  
Forms of tender can be obtained from  
the Director of Public Works.  
Conditions of letting and plans of the  
Quarries can be seen on application to  
the Principal Land Surveyor, P.W.D.

### PARTICULARS OF THE QUARRIES.

Quarry Lot No.	Approximate Area in Acres.	Upset Crown Rent.
Test Ter. Mt. No. 2	12.02	\$ 800
Shaukiwan Nos. 3 & 4	73.90	3,200
Hok On No. 6	8.44	2,100
Ma Tau Tok No. 7	6.70	700
Do. No. 8	4.69	1,300
Ma Ti No. 9	1.94	500
Jordan Road No. 10	4.63	1,000
Yauwai No. 11	2.93	1,000
Ngau Tan Kok No. 6	2.00	800
Ngau Tan Kok Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100	10.12	1,300
Ngau Tan Kok Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100	3.00	500
Cha Kwo Ling Nos. 1-30	24.36	2,700
Sai Tso Wan Nos. 1-16	10.53	500
Lycium Nos. 1-25	26.41	3,000
Fuk Tsun, Hong No. 12	4.29	1,200

## INTIMATIONS

### DAIRY FARM NEWS.

**CORNEB BEEF**  
AND  
**CORNEB PORK.**

PUT UP IN KEBS AND BARRELS  
FOR  
EXPORT OR STEAMER USE.

SIR AUCKLAND GEDDES.

Edinburgh gave a cordial welcome  
to Sir Auckland Geddes on the occa-  
sion of his first speech as Minister of  
National Service. His old friends  
were pleased to see that he has  
changed very little since his Edin-  
burgh University days, that he has  
developed no official high sniffiness.

In his younger years Sir Auckland  
was an enthusiastic Rugby player; he  
captained Watson's College XV; later  
he found a place in the Watsonian  
and Edinburgh University teams.

An excellent singer, he was the  
life of many a student function, espe-  
cially those connected with the Uni-  
versity Volunteer Company. Indeed one  
of the great disappointments of his life  
was that the state of his eye-sight debarred him from a  
military career, and afterwards also  
disqualified him for the R.A.M.C.

It was characteristic of Sir Auckland  
that, when accepting the Professorship  
of Anatomy in Montreal, he reserved  
to himself the right to return to  
Great Britain in the event of a  
big war. In his youth he visited  
Germany, became convinced that a  
war with this country was contem-  
plated, and expressed his views about  
the German menace in the course of  
a "Varsity debate."

JAM AND JUTEOLIS.

Jam plays a great part in the com-  
miserat of the British Army. The  
man at the front may grouse over  
"plum and apple" or "apple and  
plum," but all the same he demands  
the jam and plenty of it, and it is not  
forthcoming somebody suffers. Of  
the eight great firms who provide the  
jam, the Messrs. Keiller take a promi-  
nent place; they have made  
Dundee "the City of Marmalade."

As well as Juteolitis. It is no un-  
usual thing for this one firm to deal  
with 100 million oranges, and all  
kinds of fruit on a similar gargantuan  
scale. Their weekly supply of jam  
tins, if the tins were set end on end,  
would stand 40 miles high. At one  
period of the war, it seemed as if the  
supply of tins would run short, but  
the Scotch jam manufacturers now  
assert that they are no longer  
absolutely dependent on the metal  
trading of the Continent.

At any rate, they produce a jam in  
which there is no tin.

THE ANDERSON  
MUSIC CO., LTD.

HIGH CLASS  
PIANOS FOR  
SALE OR  
HIRE.  
CASH OR  
CREDIT.

TUNING & REPAIRING—  
A SPECIALITY.

16, Des Vaux Road. TEL. 1572.

**SAVARESSE'S**  
**SANTAL**  
**CAPSULES**

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

## WHAT "BOLOISM" MEANS.

### ARREST OF THE ALLEGED CHIEF GERMAN SPY.

Bolo Pasha was recently put under  
arrest in Paris and accommodated at the  
Grand Hotel, but was later lodged in the  
infirmary prison at Fresnes, the informa-  
tion which led to this action being a  
cablegram from the New York police  
announcing the discovery of a payment  
of £200,000 made to him in 1916 by the  
Deutsche Bank.

When Bolo Pasha was transferred from  
the Grand Hotel to the prison great  
crowds assembled in the boulevard, and  
cried, "Death to the spy!"

The papers are unanimous in the view  
that Bolo Pasha, who received his title  
from the dethroned Khedive, would  
appear to be incontestably one of the  
chiefs of the enemy spy and propaganda  
organisation in France.

At the beginning of the year the atten-  
tion of the anti-spy service in France was  
directed to Bolo by reason of the frequent  
journeys he made in the course of the  
preceding years to Switzerland, Italy, and  
Spain. The special police then watched  
him and established the fact that Bolo  
had just been spending in various enter-  
prises several million francs. This  
liberality seemed all the more curious  
seeing the investigation showed that Bolo,  
at the moment when war was declared,  
had no fortune beyond securities bringing  
in £3,000 a year, all of which were  
brought in by his wife at the time of his  
marriage.

FOUNTAIN OF WEALTH.

The source of considerable sums scat-  
tered about by Bolo becoming more and  
more suspicious, it was deemed their duty  
by the French criminal authorities to  
prefer a charge against him of communi-  
cating with the enemy, but Bolo energeti-  
cally defended himself. He made the  
following declaration:

"Long before the war I made invest-  
ments in America. These investments  
have accumulated since that time, and  
to-day I am in possession of a fortune of  
several million francs, all of which is  
deposited in American banks. But I  
have never handled money either in Italy  
or in Switzerland."

Captain Bouchardon, to whom was  
entrusted the duty of inquiring into the  
Bolo case, sent commissions of inquiry  
into Switzerland, Italy, and the United  
States. The first results of these com-  
missions into Italy appeared to be nega-  
tive. In Switzerland numerous difficul-  
ties, not even yet removed, were encoun-  
tered. In the United States, however,  
the authorities promised to exert them-  
selves to the utmost to throw light on the  
case. The enlightenment was made  
manifest recently in the shape of a cable  
addressed to the Quai d'Orsay (the  
French Foreign Office) by the American  
Foreign Office. This cable states:

"From inquiries conducted by the  
American police in the banks whose  
names follow (then comes a list of New  
York and other American banks) it is  
established that various sums exceeding  
in all 10,000,000 francs (£400,000) were  
there deposited in the course of 1916  
in the name of Paul Bolo, then staying  
in Paris, by the Deutsche Bank, Berlin.  
A great part of this money has already  
been remitted to Paul Bolo by transfers  
on a French bank. Details will follow.  
We may say already that the American  
inquiries show that the money intended  
for Bolo Pasha was deposited successi-  
vely in nine banks in the United  
States."

MONEY FROM EVERY SOURCE.

The above-mentioned cable was suffi-  
ciently explicit, and no doubts any longer  
exist that the millions at Bolo's disposal  
came from an enemy source, and had been  
confided to his possession in the midst of  
war by Germany for a purpose about  
which no equivocation is permissible.

According to the "Matin," the Ameri-  
can police inquiry will enable the publi-  
cation of a full list of persons in America  
to whom cheques were addressed by the  
Deutsche Bank, Germany, for payment to  
certain secret German agents operating  
in France.

LOSING WEIGHT  
BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition  
of ill-health, shows your assimila-  
tive powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the  
wanted nourishing and healthy  
fish building materials. Very  
palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

WATERBURY'S  
METABOLIZED  
COD LIVER OIL  
COMPOUND

## SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

EDINBURGH, October 6.  
HOUSING REFORM IN SCOTLAND.

The long-delayed Report of the  
Royal Commission on Housing in  
Scotland is issued, nearly five years  
after the Commission's appointment.  
It is a "terrible document." We all  
knew that Scotland occupied a bad  
eminence in the matter of housing;  
but very few dreamt that things were  
so desperate as the report discloses.

Overcrowding, it says, is practically  
universal in the one-room and two-  
room houses. If more than two per-  
sons per room is taken as the stand-  
ard of overcrowding, there are living  
in this condition in Scotland no less  
than 45 per cent. of the population.

"To our amazement," the Com-  
missioners say, "we found that even  
if we take overcrowding to mean  
more than three persons per room,  
we should, to secure even this mode-  
rate standard for Scotland, have to  
displace some 284,000 of the popula-  
tion." But this is not all. "We  
conclude that at least 50 per cent.  
of the one-room houses and 15 per  
cent. of the two-room houses ought  
to be replaced by new houses."

In brief, merely to relieve existing over-  
crowding and replace houses that  
should be demolished, some 121,000  
houses are required. "And if an  
improved standard is adopted, as we  
recommend, the total number of new  
houses required would approach  
236,000." The provision of these  
houses would cost at least 82 million  
pounds, and the Commissioners are  
of opinion that at the present time it  
must be assumed that at least one-  
third of the cost will be uneconomic  
and that that proportion must be  
contributed by the State in one form  
or another. The percentage of new  
houses required is highest for the  
Outer Hebrides—90 per cent. This  
means that in these islands very  
nearly the whole population live in  
disseminating hovels. The greater  
population on the mainland come  
second in requiring 20 per cent. of  
new houses. Next stand the miners  
with 18.53 per cent.; and the indus-  
trial population in the lowland parts  
with 15.77 per cent.

SIR AUCKLAND GEDDES.

Edinburgh gave a cordial welcome  
to Sir Auckland Geddes on the occa-  
sion of his first speech as Minister of  
National Service. His old friends  
were pleased to see that he has  
changed very little since his Edin-  
burgh University days, that he has  
developed no official high sniffiness.

In his younger years Sir Auckland  
was an enthusiastic Rugby player; he  
captained Watson's College XV; later  
he found a place in the Watsonian  
and Edinburgh University teams.

An excellent singer, he was the  
life of many a student function, espe-  
cially those connected with the Uni-  
versity Volunteer Company. Indeed one  
of the great disappointments of his life  
was that the state of his eye-sight debarred him from a  
military career, and afterwards also  
disqualified him for the R.A.M.C.

It was characteristic of Sir Auckland  
that, when accepting the Professorship  
of Anatomy in Montreal, he reserved  
to himself the right to return to  
Great Britain in the event of a  
big war. In his youth he visited  
Germany, became convinced that a  
war with this country was contem-  
plated, and expressed his views about  
the German menace in the course of  
a "Varsity debate."

JAM AND JUTEOLIS.

Jam plays a great part in the com-  
miserat of the British Army. The  
man at the front may grouse over  
"plum and apple" or "apple and  
plum," but all the same he demands  
the jam and plenty of it, and it is not  
forthcoming somebody suffers. Of  
the eight great firms who provide the  
jam, the Messrs. Keiller take a promi-  
nent place; they have made  
Dundee "the City of Marmalade."

As well as Juteolitis. It is no un-  
usual thing for this one firm to deal  
with 100 million oranges, and all  
kinds of fruit on a similar gargantuan  
scale. Their weekly supply of jam  
tins, if the tins were set end on end,  
would stand 40 miles high. At one  
period of the war, it seemed as if the  
supply of tins would run short, but  
the Scotch jam manufacturers now  
assert that they are no longer  
absolutely dependent on the metal  
trading of the Continent.

At any rate, they produce a jam in  
which there is no tin.

THE ANDERSON  
MUSIC CO., LTD.

HIGH CLASS  
PIANOS FOR  
SALE OR  
HIRE.  
CASH OR  
CREDIT.

TUNING & REPAIRING—  
A SPECIALITY.

16, Des Vaux Road. TEL. 1572.

**SAVARESSE'S**  
**SANTAL**  
**CAPSULES**

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

SAVARESSE'S  
SANTAL  
CAPSULES

glass and earthenware jars will be  
completely superseded. A stout  
cardboard pot is being made, and as  
far as things have gone it has proved  
successful. From the hydrometrical  
point of view it is claimed that it has  
stood all the tests. The cost is much  
smaller than for any other kind of  
pot, and the large outlays involved  
in "returned empties" will be  
obviated, as the cardboard pots may  
be thrown away after use. The  
sugar security has resulted in another  
departure at Dundee, Keillers having  
pulped and preserved in barrels very  
large quantities of fruit; five build-  
ings in the city are filled from floor  
to ceiling; and the finished article  
can be manufactured, as occasion  
arises, of course for the Army.

PREPARING FOR A PUSH.

In all the accounts of the last push  
there is reference to careful prepara-  
tion and Staff work. The word "pre-  
paration" includes many things, and  
a sidelight on them is thrown by a  
Royal Scot of Edinburgh, the  
Lothians Regiment—and his descrip-  
tion of the preliminaries to the attack  
on Hargicourt, to the north-west of  
St. Julien. Minor show though it  
was, he writes, the attack was pre-  
pared two or three times a day for  
ten days before it came, and over  
facsimile trenches cut from aeroplane  
photographs. Every detail of the  
terrain, formation, and barrage was  
known to every man "going over,"  
and the troops were as familiar with  
the "lie" of the German trenches as  
with their own Lothian fields. For  
the attack was the support of the  
"travelling circus," the popular  
name for the peripatetic artillery  
which moves from "stunt" to  
"stunt" along the front. A new  
form of barrage was employed with  
great results. This consisted of the  
ordinary creeping barrage of the artil-  
lery, reinforced by battery upon  
battery of machine guns playing on  
the German lines well ahead of the  
shell-fire. It was an unqualified  
success, and, thanks largely to its  
aid, the German counter attack was  
possible until the work of consolida-  
tion was well advanced.

THE WOODEN CROSS.

A broken obelisk,





# WATSON'S OLD BROWN BRANDY E QUALITY.

25 YEARS IN WOOD.

A. S. WATSON &amp; Co., Ltd.,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
TELEPHONE No. 616.

## To-day's Advertisements

## ITALIAN CONVENT.

BAZAAR—BAZAAR—BAZAAR

SATURDAY, 1ST DECEMBER, 1917,  
AND TWO FOLLOWING DAYS.  
Commencing each day at 10 a.m.Ladies' Dresses,  
Children's Frocks,  
Table Covers,  
Handkerchiefs,  
Boys' Tunic  
and Sailor Suits,  
and Jerseys.

IN A LARGE VARIETY OF STYLES.

N.B.—No ticket can be exchanged  
for a Souvenir if presented after 3rd  
December, 1917, when the Bazaar will  
be closed.

## "LUCKY WELL" OF TOYS.

Children's Stall of Sweets, Chocolates  
and Confectionery of every description.  
Hongkong, Nov. 27, 1917. 2335

## THE CALENDAR.

## MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.

Stock Exchange Settlement Day.  
11 a.m.—Auction of Household Furni-  
ture at 17 Chatham Road, Kowloon.  
5 p.m.—Auction of Postage Stamps at  
Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

## General Memoranda.

THURSDAY, Nov. 29.—  
Thanksgiving Day in U.S.A.  
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Chinese Porce-  
lains in aid of Heather Day Fund at  
Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.  
9.41 a.m.—Fall Moon.

FRIDAY, Nov. 30.—

HEATHER DAY.

8 a.m.—Selling of Badges' com-  
mencement.  
10.30 a.m.—Procession of decorated  
Motor Cars.  
11 a.m.—Collecting from Office to  
Office.Noon.—Auction of various articles  
on Cricket Ground.  
3.30 p.m.—Opening of Fair on  
Murray Parade Ground.

SATURDAY, Dec. 1.—

Queen's Alexandra's birthday (1844).

10 a.m.—Opening Day of Italian  
Convent Bazaar.10.30 a.m.—Auction of Miscellaneous  
Goods (Dress Materials, Blankets,  
Sheets, Boots and Shoes, etc.) at  
Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.2.15 p.m.—Cricket on the H.K.C.C.  
Ground—Club v. Civil Service.

SATURDAY, Dec. 8.—

General Holiday.

SATURDAY, Dec. 15.—

General Holiday.

## THE CHINA MAIL

## TYPHOON

## MAP and

## GUIDE

Enables one to locate the centre

of a Typhoon.

MOUNTED ON CARDBOARD AND

TAPED FOR HANGING.

Price 50 Cents.

## BRIDGE SCORERS

In Blocks of 10 SHEETS.

30 cents each.

Four for One Dollar.

Obtainable at

The China Mail Ltd.,

5, Wyndham Street.

## BIRTH.

FORSYTH.—At Peak Hospital, on 27th  
November, 1917, to Dr. and Mrs.  
FORSYTH, a son.

## The China Mail.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, Nov. 27, 1917.

## CURRENT TOPICS.

Territorial Propinquity and  
Special Interests.THE recent agreements between Japan  
and United States continue to be  
much discussed, but nobody seems  
to know precisely what difference  
they make to the status quo ante.  
We notice that Mr. T. R. JERNIGAN,  
an American lawyer, well-known in  
Shanghai, has been arguing that if  
"territorial propinquity" enables a  
Power to claim "special interests"  
within the dominions of a neighbour,  
the contiguity of the Philippine Islands  
should give to the United States the  
same title. What about Russia? Has  
she not greater claims than any other  
Power to "special interests" in  
China? Her territory marches with  
that of China for thousands of miles,  
and if "territorial propinquity" can  
give any foreign Power claims to  
"special interests" in China, surely  
Russia has the prior claim. VOL-  
TAIRE's cynical remark that speech  
was given to man to conceal his  
thoughts often finds ample illustration  
in the language of diplomacy. This  
formal recognition of "special in-  
terests" in China combined with a  
re-affirmation of the policy of the  
Open Door and Equal Opportunity  
is a notable example. Mr. BALFOUR's  
statement in the House of Commons  
the other day adds to the mystery.  
He did not understand that China's  
declaration (that the Government  
will not allow itself to be  
bound by any agreement between  
other nations) meant that China  
did not recognise the agreements,  
and H. M.'s Government had no  
reason to anticipate that it would  
cause any difficulties between China  
and any other Ally! Which again  
illustrates the maxim we have  
already quoted.

## Control of the Pacific.

At the bottom of the suspicion that  
has hitherto existed between Japan  
and America has been the Naval  
shipbuilding of both countries. What  
objects are in view? A Japanese  
M. P., visiting America recently, said  
that America's latest Navy Bill had  
shocked Japan. "According to this  
bill, Japan under her present pro-  
gramme will have 10 battleships in  
1917; the United States" replying  
with 12; the same takes place in  
1918; in 1919 we have only 10 and  
you reply with 21; in 1920 we again  
have 10 and you have 23, while in  
1921 we have 11, as compared with  
the 25 ships of the United States." And the Japanese suspect that the  
time may come when America will  
utilise this great fleet to control the  
Pacific Ocean! It is interesting, and  
it may not be without significance to  
see that the suggestion was made  
by the Japanese M. P. that in  
order to remove misunderstanding,  
America on her part should make the  
Philippines Independent States underBritish and French guarantee; and  
"Japan, on her part, is ready to meet  
America more than half-way, and to  
make it completely unnecessary for  
her to maintain such a huge fleet in  
the Pacific. For one thing, we would  
certainly agree to disarm and raise  
our fortifications on Formosa, the  
Marshall Islands and on some  
other possessions." The Agreement  
signed by Viscount ISHII and  
Mr. LANSING, however, does not  
cover any such scheme as this,  
but confines itself entirely to the  
position regarding China, and we  
may fairly suppose that each Govern-  
ment is satisfied that these naval  
developments are inspired by no  
ill-intentions towards each other.

## Japan and the U.S. Steel Ban.

It has been officially announced  
in Japan that the Japanese Govern-  
ment has been obliged to stop the  
negotiations with the Washington  
Government for the removal of the  
steel embargo, "owing to the  
impossibility of meeting America's  
counter-demand." It is explained  
that the United States consented to  
supply 175,000 tons steel in exchange  
for Japan supplying 250,000 tons  
of shipping. An understanding was  
effected concerning the size and  
number of the ships to be supplied,  
but the American Government made  
a further demand, limiting the age  
of the ships to from seven to ten  
years, at the same time fixing the  
price at G. \$170 per ton for existing  
ships and G. \$200 for those to be  
constructed. Under the circum-  
stances, says the official statement,  
Japan has been thrown on her  
own resources. "The utmost is now  
being done to make the best of  
existing circumstances by the joint  
efforts of the Government, the iron-  
works at Yedamitsu and the Kure  
Naval Arsenal." It is not clear  
what is to happen in regard to the  
shipping assistance that America was  
reckoning on getting from Japan.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

To-morrow is our local Stock  
Exchange Settlement Day.The Giralda Cigar Factory at Manila  
has been destroyed by fire. The loss is  
estimated at a million pesos.To-morrow at 8.45 a.m. Prof. A.G.  
Warren will give a popular lecture at  
the University, entitled "William  
Thomson, Lord Kelvin," to which  
visitors are invited.A Chinese was sent to the Kwong  
Wah Hospital yesterday suffering from  
injuries sustained through being knocked  
down by motorcar No. 95 in Bulkeley  
Street.The St. Andrew-tide Intercession  
Service for Missions will be held at the  
Cathedral to-morrow evening at 6 p.m.  
The preacher will be the Rev. R. C.  
Taylor of the West China Mission.The Union Church Guild meets  
to-morrow at 9 o'clock in the Lecture  
Hall, Kennedy Road, when a lecture  
will be delivered by Professor Wright,  
of the University, the subject being  
"Scott's Novels." This lecture is open  
to the public.The Bishop of Victoria has returned  
from Canton, where he has spent ten  
days visiting the C.M.S. and other  
Missionary Institutions. The Bishop  
will give a short address at the service  
in St. John's Cathedral in connection  
with the American Day of Thanks-  
giving and Prayer on Thursday, Novem-  
ber 29, at 12 noon.In order to relieve the shortage of  
small change the Philippine National  
Bank has issued 20-centavo and 10-  
centavo "emergency circulation" bills.  
About P.250,000 worth of each de-  
nomination have been issued. Peso and  
half peso bills have been in circulation  
for some weeks past.Philatelists are reminded of the  
sale of British Colonial postage stamps  
at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's to-  
morrow evening at 6 o'clock. Part I  
of this collection by an English expert  
was sold a month ago. The stamps  
now to be sold form Part II of the  
collection. Every stamp is guaranteed  
genuine. Special attention may be  
directed to the Victoria stamps.

## THE MAGISTRACY.

REMANDED FOR FURTHER  
INQUIRIES.A Chinese was charged before Mr.  
Dyer Ball this morning with attempting  
to steal a raincoat valued at \$5, and  
also with returning from banishment  
before his period had expired.Defendant pleaded not guilty.  
It was stated that the defendant was  
arrested this morning while attempting  
to steal a raincoat through the window  
of the Wing Fat Cheong shop by  
means of a bamboo pole to which a hook  
was attached. A *lukung* who was on  
duty, observed the defendant's actions  
and promptly arrested him.Defendant stated he had nothing to  
say. He was sleeping on the door steps  
of this shop together with some other  
men, one of whom gave him the bamboo  
pole to keep. He did not attempt to  
steal the raincoat.After further evidence His Worship  
remanded the defendant in police  
custody till to-morrow morning.MARINE HAWKER AND  
HIS WARES.A Chinese marine hawker was charged  
before Mr. Dyer Ball this morning with  
being in unlawful possession of two odd  
boots valued at \$10.Defendant pleaded not guilty, stating  
he bought them from another marine  
hawker for 80 cents.Evidence was given by an Indian  
constable who stated that he saw  
defendant at Lascar Row yesterday  
afternoon, offering the boots for sale.  
He asked the price and was told they  
could be had for \$1. Witness became  
suspicious and asked defendant where  
he got the boots, and the explanations  
given were so unsatisfactory that he  
arrested him.Questioned by the magistrate, defend-  
ant stated he bought the boots for his  
father.His Worship: Has your father two  
right feet?Defendant:—No, I didn't notice both  
boots were right ones.His Worship was not satisfied with  
the defendant's explanations and sen-  
tenced him to 14 days' imprisonment  
with hard labour.

## THEFT OF CLOTHING.

A Chinese was charged before Mr.  
J. R. Wood this morning with the  
larceny of a quantity of clothing and  
\$15 in money.Sergeant Murphy stated yesterday  
the defendant went to a pawnshop in  
Shanghai Street, Yaumatei, and wanted  
to pawn two pairs of trousers. When  
the pawnbroker asked him where he  
got the trousers defendant ran  
away. The pawnbroker chased  
and arrested him and then  
handed him over to the police.Besides the trousers, the defendant  
was found to possess \$3, a watch and a  
basket of clothing, all of which were  
claimed by a Chinese at 124 Des Vaux  
Road. The defendant probably gained  
access to this house through the house  
next door which was undergoing  
repairs.Defendant pleaded guilty to the theft  
of clothing, and was sentenced to three  
months' hard labour.

## A DISHONEST SALESMAN.

A Chinese salesman employed by the  
Chung Hing Loong firm, who it was  
previously reported, had absconded with  
\$43.34, money collected by him on be-  
half of the firm, was arrested yesterday.When brought before Mr. Dyer Ball  
this morning, on the charge of fraud-  
ulent conversion, defendant pleaded  
guilty.His Worship sentenced him to three  
months' imprisonment with hard labour.A generous donor has given a  
handsome silver cup, now being exhib-  
ited in Messrs. Tak Cheung's window, in  
Queen's Road, as a prize for the correct  
or nearest guess of the aggregate weight  
of certain animals exhibited at the Zoo  
at St. Andrew's Fair. This offer should  
greatly stimulate competition. Those  
who are keeping animals for exhibition  
or sale at the Zoo are requested to have  
them on the Murray Parade Ground by  
2 p.m. on Friday.Some amendments to the Regu-  
lations made under the Vehicles and  
Traffic Regulation Ordinance appear in  
the current issue of the *Gazette* from  
which it appears that owners of private  
rickshaws are henceforth required to obtain  
licenses for them. Private rickshaws are  
to be of two classes—one class, known as  
Taz Yung Che, for which the license  
fee will be \$72 a year (these are ex-  
clusively used by a certain class of  
Chinese), while "other private rickshaws"  
will pay \$10 a year. All private rickshaws  
of these classes, known as Taz Yung Che,  
are required to be marked on the back  
with characters so that they can be  
identified with the license number.

## CHINESE AFFAIRS.

## ["Chinese Mail" Services.]

## THE SITUATION AT PEKING.

PEKING, Nov. 26.

Wong Shi Chen has definitely refused  
the Premiership.  
Tim Man Lit arrived at Peking  
yesterday, and may accept the Premier-  
ship.Either Tuan Chi Kwei or Chang Shiu  
Teng will be appointed Chief of the  
General Staff.Important military movements are  
reported to be taking place at Yohow.

## REPORTED PEACE AGREEMENT.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 26.

It is reported that peace terms have  
been agreed upon between the North  
and the South and that the old Parlia-  
ment will be convened.Tukwans of Hunan, Kwantung and  
Kiangsu are reported by the  
Southern Party.It is stated that Shum Chun Hun is  
leaving for Peking.DEPRECIATION OF CHINESE BANK  
NOTES.The Notes of the Bank of China and  
the Bank of Communications have drop-  
ped 55 per cent.CONCERT IN AID OF HEATHER  
DAY FUNDS.The Concert given under the  
auspices of St. Andrew's Society,  
in aid of the Heather Day Funds,  
at the Victoria Theatre last night,  
was an unqualified success, so far  
as the arrangements and the manner  
in which they were carried out "be-  
hind" were concerned, but judging  
from the number of people in  
"front," it cannot be said that great  
enthusiasm prevailed. Of course, it  
is possible that many of the unoccu-  
pied seats had been booked, and if  
that be the case, the object for which  
the performance was arranged has  
not been defeated, but surely it is a  
poor compliment to the amateur  
artists, who go to such great trouble  
and give up their spare time to make  
themselves proficient and present-  
able to an audience, to find they  
have to play to a half empty  
"House." Nothing is more discon-  
certing, even to professionals, than  
to experience this kind of thing, and  
we do not hesitate to say that the  
smallest return we can give to these  
amateurs "for their disinterested  
efforts" is to put in an appearance.The main portion of the pro-  
gramme was composed of solo and  
concerted items by the Maggie Per-  
rier Troupe, which is composed of  
Sergeant McGregor, Corporal Adams,  
2/Capt. Charters, 1/Capt. White,  
Sappers Townsend, Yeardeley (Royal  
Engineers), Ptes. Marchesi, Pick-  
ering, Simmonds (25th Bn. Middlesex  
Regiment), and they are to be con-  
gratulated upon the manner in which  
they went through their programme,  
especially in view of the uncongenial  
conditions.Miss Sterling also danced very  
gracefully and Pipers McEwen and  
McGregor gave excellent selections  
on the bagpipes.Mr. Gordon Cooke, our local  
amateur prestidigitateur, put the seal  
on the very good impression he  
created, at his first appearance in  
public, at the Royal Engineers' Theatre,  
a week or so ago; indeed,  
Mr. Chung Ling Soo and his profes-  
sional confreres will have to look to  
their laurels if they propose paying  
a visit to the Colony in the future.It is difficult to understand how Mr.  
Cooke has acquired the finished pro-  
fessional "touch" with which he  
appears to be quite intimate, seeing  
that he has only appeared in public  
on two occasions. Mr. Cooke is  
quite an acquisition to our local  
amateur entertainers.The orchestra was under the direction  
of Private H. Norris (25th Bn.  
Middlesex Regiment), and included  
Private Norris (piano), Corp. White,  
R.E. (violin), Sapper Burgess, R.E.  
(cornet), and Sergt. Major Jenkins,  
R.E. (flute). Quartermaster Sergt.  
Rowe, R.E., also proved an excellent  
Stage Manager.Mr. Lauritzen of the Dragon Motor  
Company has reported to the Police that  
on Saturday night some person broke  
into the garage through the ceiling of  
the first floor, which was unoccupied, and  
stole a quantity of motor cars and cycle  
inner tubes, a set of stamper, some  
optical tubes and a wooden basket.  
The total value of the goods stolen  
amounts to \$45.THE HEATHER DAY  
PROGRAMME.On occasions like Our Day, St.  
George's Day, etc., there has always  
been a good deal more taking place  
than was included in the official pro-  
gramme, but judging from the advance  
proofs of the Official Programme of the  
events that are to take place on Heather  
Day, it would be difficult to imagine a  
source of money getting which has not  
been included in the arrangements  
indicated. In itself, the Programme  
promises to be a very efficient medium  
for raising the funds, for it is a work of  
art and no doubt many hundreds of  
copies will find their way to other parts  
of the world besides Hongkong, Kowloon  
and Scotland, since it provides the most  
interesting moments of what is being  
done in Hongkong for the great cause  
that has yet been produced.The Programme, which will be on  
sale to-morrow at \$1 per copy, opens  
with an extract from a letter describing  
a visit to the Bellabouston Hospital  
and what has been done there by the  
aid of the money raised in Hongkong  
on the Heather Day of 1916. These  
details will, no doubt, prove a further  
incentive to charity this year. Then  
follow the names of the office bearers,  
committees, sub-committees, executive  
committees and assistants, with their  
stations and the particular tasks  
allotted to them and also a notice  
reminding that the Chit Bill does  
not apply, and I.O.U.'s will be accepted  
from any resident adult. Then comes  
a description of the Old Scottish Fair  
to be held on Murray Parade Ground,  
where, by the way, there will be a real,  
genuine roundabout, calliope and all.  
The other attractions here are—well,  
we must not say too much—it will all  
be found in the Programme; suffice it  
to say that besides the above mentioned  
features there are no less than 38 different  
kinds of "permutations" to spend dollars,  
including a telephone which will  
no doubt prove very useful.  
Other interesting reading matter,  
including poems, complete the Pro-  
gramme of Heather Day, 1917, which,  
thanks to the characteristic thorough-  
ness of the Scotman, bids fair to be a  
great success. All credit is due to the  
Publicity Committee, which is responsi-  
ble for the Programme.

## ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

OPPORTUNITY FOR  
PHILATELISTS.St. Andrew's Fair will be continued  
on Saturday afternoon and evening.  
On Friday Mee Cheung will take  
photographs of the Fair and these will  
be on sale in the form of pictorial post  
cards on Saturday. The Fair Post  
Office will be provided with a special  
"chop" for these and all other corre-  
pondence which may pass through it,  
a special staff being delegated for this  
work. The "chop" will be of the  
ordinary Post Office type enclosing the  
words "St. Andrew's Fair, (a cross),  
30th November, 1917, Hongkong." The  
charges, including stamps, for post-  
age will be five cents for local delivery  
and 16 cents for foreign. This will be  
a unique opportunity for collectors.

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

A letter from Scotland mentions the  
death, at 209 Eldon Street, Greenock,  
of Robert Agnew, late chief engineer,  
China.We are informed that Lieut. Scardor,  
ough (a stepson of Mr. E. G. Barrett),  
who is reported as a prisoner war, is  
not T. W. Scarborough, who was in  
Messrs. Dodwell & Co's office here. He  
is at the present time in Kobe. The  
Lieutenant Scarborough who has been  
captured is a brother.Miss A. Bradford, for fifteen years  
matron of the Municipal Isolation  
Hospital at Shanghai, is leaving the  
hospital for home. A gold wrist-watch  
and an illuminated address were  
presented to her last week as symbols  
of the esteem she has won for herself  
from the staff and all those who have  
been patients at the hospital in her  
fifteen years of service.Major A. A. Barnes, who was  
appointed to the 1st Chinese Regiment  
of Infantry on its formation and served  
with it from December, 1893, till  
December, 1905, when it was disbanded  
after a very useful, though short, career,  
has just gone on the retired list.  
With the Chinese Regiment he took  
part in the Chinese War, 1900, in-  
cluding the relief of Tientsin, the  
actions of Fungtong and Yangtong, and  
some minor affairs. For his services he  
was mentioned in dispatches and re-  
ceived that medal with clasp. Sub-  
sequently he was Chinese Emigration  
Agent for the Transvaal, commanded the  
Shanghai Volunteers from 1908 to 1913,  
and since August, 1915, was in special  
employment and in command of a  
Labour Corps.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA WAX  
SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.

(To the Editor of the "China Mail.")

Dear Sir,—We beg to call the atten-  
tion of Members to the danger of  
sending money in bank notes, for  
investment in this Association, in sealed  
packages, by ordinary chit book.We sometimes receive very large  
amounts by this means.All moneys should either be paid in  
personally by the investor or by some-  
body deputed by him, or sent to us by  
crossed cheque.We regret we cannot in future accept  
any sealed packages which have the  
appearance of containing bank notes or  
coin.We shall feel much obliged if you  
will be so good as to give publicity to  
this letter.Yours faithfully,  
UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY  
OF CANTON, LTD.  
Hon. Secretaries.

## HONGKONG FREIGHT MARKET.

Messrs. Snowman & Co's Freight Cir-  
cular, dated 24th November, states:—The market has not, since we last re-  
ported on the 10th instant, shown any  
increased activity, though the demand  
is still strong for vessels on time-char-  
ter and rates are firm, as evidenced by  
the fixture of a 2,000 ton vessel for  
twelve months at \$67,000 per month.The Saigon/Hongkong rate, as advised  
in our last report, closed at 92 cents per  
picul.However, our local rice market was  
not strong, and the rate further declined  
to 89 cents per picul, at which figure  
three small outsiders were fixed. Short-  
ly afterwards the rate weakened still  
more, by the fixture of a medium sized  
outsider at 75 cents per picul. It again  
strengthened a little and the fixture of a  
medium sized outsider is reported at 80  
cents per picul.Exports of Rice from Saigon from  
the 1st January to 3rd November,  
amounted to 82,774 tons as compared  
with 82,090 tons for the same period  
last year. The quotation for No. 2  
white round sifted rice stands at \$3.90  
per picul for a. Saigon, for November/  
December shipment.Saigon/Philippines.—Nothing to add  
to our previous report.

Saigon Java.—Nothing to report.

Bangkok/Hongkong.—In our last re-  
port we advised the closing of this rate  
at \$1.20/\$1.10 per picul, for inside out-  
side the bar loading respectively, and  
indicated a fall in the rate, which duly  
came about, as it now stands at \$0.75/  
\$0.65, but with no fixture reported.Coal.—The demand has shown im-  
provement, and the Japan/Hongkong  
rate is nominally \$17.00 per ton. For  
southern business the demand is still  
unsatisfied and only the fixture of a  
medium sized outsider is reported  
Honger/Saigon at \$11.00 per ton. Apart  
from this the market stands as per our  
last report.

## HONGKONG TRAMWAY CO., LTD.

The approximate statement of traffic  
receipts for the week ending 24th  
November is as follows:—

	Receipts for week	Aggregate Receipts for 47 weeks
This year	12,717	635,048
Last year	11,687	674,333
Increase	1,030	
Decrease		39,285

TUNNEL FOR SHIMONOSEKI  
STRAITS.According to Japanese papers, the  
Imperial Railway Board has decided to  
tunnel the Shimonoseki Straits in order  
to improve the railway service between  
Kyushu and Honshu. The tunnel will  
measure six and a half miles, the cost  
of construction being estimated at  
¥14,000,000. The line will be operated  
by electricity.Last weekend the Detachment,  
Army Ordnance Corps, in charge of the  
O.C. Det., finished its "S.E.E. season,"  
as it might be termed, with a day trip  
to Macao, a keenly enjoyed and fitting  
climax to the periodical relaxation and  
pleasure provided by the kindness of the  
subscribers to the Service Entertainment  
Fund this summer and autumn. The  
Detachment on this occasion was also  
deputized to the Hongkong  
Canton and Messrs Steamboat Co., Ltd.,  
which granted free of charge passage for  
the whole party to Macao and back and,  
further, made special arrangements for  
the party's tiffin on the trip up. Mr.  
Arnold, Acting Secretary of the Com-  
pany, was so good as to charge himself  
with the test enjoyed on the return  
journey. To all of these, the Fund, the  
Company and Mr. Arnold, a hearty vote  
of thanks and keen appreciation was  
passed by the party at tiffin.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

When you have a bad cold you want  
a remedy that will not only give  
relief, but effect a prompt and permanent  
cure, a remedy that is pleasant to take,  
a remedy that contains nothing injurious.  
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all  
these requirements. It acts on nature's  
plan; relieves the lungs, soothes the throat,  
opens the secretions and restores the  
system to a healthy condition. This  
remedy has been used for generations and  
can always be depended upon. For  
sale by all Chemists and Druggists.



## TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

## THE SITUATION IN RUSSIA.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Interesting developments are expected to take place on the Russian Front.

General Dukhominin has flatly refused to hand over the supreme command to General Krilenko, the new Commander-in-Chief, declaring his intention to arrest him if he arrives at Headquarters. Nevertheless, General Krilenko has left Petrograd for Headquarters.

A considerable mystery hangs over the whereabouts of General Kaledin's Cossacks.

According to the Times, it is believed by a London Bank that Russia's gold holdings have been removed safely from Petrograd and are not likely to fall into the clutches of the Bolsheviks.

## EXHAUSTION OF SUPPLIES AT THE FRONT.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 26.

The Commanders at the Front continue to send the most ominous despatches concerning the exhaustion of supplies, arousing the apprehension of hordes of hungry soldiers invading the centres of population.

News telegram from abroad are being apprehended.

## MR. BALFOUR AND RUSSIA.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Balfour stated that since the fall of the Provisional Government, no government had been established in Russia with which Great Britain could enter into relations. He also stated that neither the Government nor, as far as he was aware, any of the Allies had replied to the Russian proposal of an immediate armistice, with a view to peace negotiations.

## THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

A Russian official message states: There were fusillades on the northern, western and south-western Rumanian Fronts.

Fraternisations were observed, to the south of Lake Narotch.

We repulsed a strong Turkish attack, on the sea coast, in the region of the Caucasus.

## A REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRATION IN SPAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Twelve thousand republicans and socialists held a demonstration at Madrid and demanded an amnesty for the members of the Revolutionary Strike Committee, who were court-martialled last August.

The Republican leaders, addressing the crowds, congratulated the people upon adopting a firm attitude.

## THE BRITISH AIR COUNCIL.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

It is officially announced that Lord Rothermere has been appointed President of the Air Council.

## THE PERSONNEL OF THE BRITISH NAVY.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

A supplementary Navy Estimate provides for an addition 50,000 men, making a total personnel of 450,000.

## AMERICA AND GERMANY'S ALLIES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.

Mr. Stone, the Chairman of the Foreign Committee of the Senate, favours a declaration of war against Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, with whom the United States is already really at war.

## DEATH OF SIR STARR JAMESON.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The death is announced of the Rt. Hon. Sir Starr Jameson.

Sir Starr Jameson, commonly known as Dr. Jameson, was President of the British South Africa Company. He led the famous raid on the Transvaal, on December 29, 1895, for which he was tried in London, and sentenced to ten months' imprisonment. He was also a Director of the De Beers Consolidated Company.

## PALESTINE OPERATIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

An official despatch from Palestine states that General Allenby's advanced patrols were pressed back to the southern bank of the Naharajia. The mounted troops captured Bittir Station and Ankarim, which is three-and-a-half miles to the westward of Jerusalem.

Strong bodies of Turks are holding the high ground to the westward of Jerusalem, and are covering the Jerusalem-Shechem Road.

## EAST AFRICA.

1,000 WHITES TAKEN PRISONER IN NOVEMBER.

NMBADA, German East Africa.

A body of the enemy, including 30 whites, sent in, under cover of a white flag, asking to surrender.

We are still hotly pursuing the Germans, who are supposed to be succumbing to forced marching.

We have taken prisoners, 126 whites and 78 Askaris, at Nwala.

We took nearly 1,000 whites prisoners, during November.

## TWENTY V.C.'S AWARDED.

STORIES OF HEROISM.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The Gazette announces the award of 20 new Victoria Crosses, the recipients, including five Australians, one South African and one Canadian.

While the stories of heroism are nearly all so remarkable that differentiation is difficult, the following recipients may be taken as amongst the finest examples, viz: Acting Lieut.-Colonel Lewis Hugh Evans, D.S.O., of the Royal Highlanders,

who was commanding the Lincolnshire, for conspicuous bravery and leadership. Lieut.-Col. Evans took his battalion in perfect order, through a terrific enemy barrage and personally formed up all units and led them to the assault. While a strong machine-gun emplacement was causing casualties, and the troops were working round its flank, Lieut.-Col. Evans rushed at it himself, and by firing his revolver through a loophole, forced the garrison to capitulate. After capturing the first objective, he was severely wounded in the shoulder but he refused to be bandaged, and reformed his troops and pointed out all the future objectives and again led the troops forward. He was again badly wounded. Nevertheless, he continued to command his men until the second objective was won and after its consolidation, collapsed from loss of blood. As there were numerous casualties, he refused assistance and by his own efforts ultimately reached a dressing station. His example of cool bravery stimulated, in all ranks, the highest valour and determination to win.

Sergeant William Francis Burman, of the Rifle Brigade, was another recipient of the coveted honour. When the advance of his Company was held up by enemy machine-gun firing at point blank range, he shouted to the men next to him to wait a few minutes and went forward alone, to seemingly certain death, and killed the enemy gunner and carried the gun to the Company's objective, where he subsequently used it to great effect. This exceptionally gallant deed assured the progress of the attack. A quarter-of-an-hour later, the battalion on the right, being impeded by a party of about 40 of the enemy who were enfilading them, Sergt. Burman and two others ran forward and got behind the enemy, killing six and capturing two officers and 29 men.

THE PAY OF THE BRITISH ARMY AND NAVY.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Bonar Law announced that the increase in pay in the Army and Navy would operate from September 29, for the Army, and from October 1 for the Navy.

It is estimated that the total increases will be £25,000,000 for the first year, and £29,000,000 for the second year.

BOMB IN A MILWAUKEE CHURCH.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

A telegram from New York states that an anarchist bomb was found in a church at Milwaukee, where a meeting was being held.

The bomb exploded at a police station, killing seven detectives and wounding three.

## GERMAN REFORM BILLS.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 26.

The long promised Reform Bills have been published.

They establish equal direct suffrage with a secret ballot for the Lower House, but the Upper House remains strongly conservative and comprises representatives of commerce, industry, agriculture, handicrafts, universities and churches, but also 60 life members and 180 nominees of the Crown. The Bill provides that a quorum of 200 is essential.

## THE BARRED ZONE OF NEW YORK DOCKS.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The sentries have been ordered to shoot unauthorised persons found within the barred zone around New York docks.

## GERMANS IN THE CANADIAN ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

OTTAWA, Nov. 26.

Crowds of young Germans shouted down Sir E. L. Borden at an election meeting, at Kitchener, which was formerly the Berlin of Ontario.

## ITALIAN CONVENT BAZAAR.

The annual Bazaar in connection with the Italian Convent will open on Saturday next, 1st December, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. It is only once a year that the Italian Convent appears before the public with an appeal for general help. The need of financial assistance is great and urgent. In normal times the Convent is assisted by a grant-in-aid from the Mother House in Italy. In consequence of the war, the help received from Europe has been reduced to a negligible quantity. The transfer of some 150 little Chinese children to the orphanage in Hongkong has entailed an increase in the daily maintenance bills, and the Convent confidently relies on the traditional generosity of Chinese patrons to supplement the charity of the Convent's European friends.

## GERMAN U-BOAT DREAM.

In view of the decreasing losses of British tonnage, the following conclusions arrived at by Dr. August Kaegbein, and quoted by the Chief Press Agent of the Admiralty, Captain Kuhnert, are interesting.

1. England's overthrow is a question of cargo tonnage.

2. If tonnage losses continue to be as heavy during the coming months as in the past (monthly net loss, 500,000 British tons) the tonnage of England and others will reach at the end of September the critical point at which it will still suffice for the transport of England's absolutely necessary minimum of 25,000,000 to 27,000,000 tons a year.

3. If England holds out until the end of September we cannot reckon with her collapse, during the succeeding three months, because the new harvest will guarantee the country's food supply for that period, while the cargo-space (about 2,000,000 tons) required for grain transport will not need in the interval to be employed in that service.

4. During the period after September, in consequence of the probable growing number of new English and American ships, there will doubtless be a lower net loss of British tonnage (425,000 tons). In October and November these continued losses can be borne for the reasons set forth in Paragraph 3.

5. In December, however, when tonnage requirements for transport begin to rise, British losses will make themselves felt with increased intensity. Available cargo-space will then have sunk below the critical point and will no longer suffice for transport of the necessary minimum import. England's only recourse will be to utilise military transports for shipping, thereby weakening her military forces.

6. By the end of March England will already have withdrawn from military service for shipping 2,500,000 tons; by the end of April 3,000,000 tons will have to be withdrawn. England thus will be deprived of nearly one-third of the cargo-space (formerly about 9,000,000 tons) requisitioned for military purposes.

7. It appears impossible, with such a reduction of her strength, which endangers the success of her land operations, and especially of her blockade, that England can continue the war.

THE WRONG BAIT.

Not long ago a young fellow, fishing in a pond, was surprised in the private grounds of a gentleman. He was subsequently charged at the local police court with fishing in "preserved waters." His defence was rather ingenious.

According to his solicitor, defendant was not fishing at all.

"The facts are simple enough," said the lawyer. "My client, while looking on the river, lost a valuable gold watch chain. Returning home he borrowed a rod and line, and was endeavouring to recover his property from the bottom of the river, when the keeper appeared on the scene."

The Chairman smiled, and turned to the keeper referred to.

"You hear that?" he said. "Have you any remark to make?"

"Nobbut this," replied the individual addressed. "If he was fishin' for gold watch chains, what on earth was he baitin' wi' worms for?"

Result—Five shillings and costs.

WHY IT SELLS.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy is the largest selling cough medicine in the world today, because it does exactly what a cough remedy is supposed to do. It stops the cough by curing the cold and does it speedily and effectually. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

Mr. Lloyd George has often made important public speeches with chamberlain who, to say the least of it, were not ideal men for the job and he relates a humorous story of one of these occasions.

At a meeting in Wales at which Mr. Lloyd George was to speak, the chairman, a Welsh peasant, got up at the commencement of the proceedings and said:

"Gentlemen, I have to introduce to you to-night the Member for Carmarthen Boroughs. He has come to us to what the Bishop of—said about Welsh Disestablishment. In my opinion, gentlemen, the Bishop is one of the highest lords in creation, but thank Heaven, in Mr. Lloyd George we have a man who is not a lord."

Mr. Lloyd George laughed so much at Mr. Chairman's faux pas that it was some moments before he could begin his speech.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## THE WESTERN FRONT.

POSITIONS MAINTAINED.

LONDON, Nov. 22.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

There has been severe fighting to-day, west of Cambrai. The enemy, at midday, strongly attacked in the neighbourhood of Bourlon and pressed us back from portions of the village. Our positions in Bourlon and on the high ground are intact. Fighting in the Hindenburg support line, west of Moenvre, yielded us prisoners.

The total since Tuesday is now 9,774, including 182 officers.

## THE BATTLE OF BOURLON WOOD.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The battle of Bourlon Wood exceeded in violence even that of Delville Wood and bids fair to rank as the most desperate of the war.

Reuters' Special Correspondent, describing the latest phase of the struggle, says it is mainly confined to the northern and easternmost sections of the new line. The Germans have been counter-attacking most vigorously but with little success. During Saturday they launched at least five assaults against Bourlon Wood, and there were numerous indications of their intention to try to retrieve the situation which never materialised, thanks to the vigilance of our gunners. One attack, delivered at five o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday, was most formidable. It met with a measure of success, causing our troops to retire from a portion of the high ground within the Wood.

SIR DOUGLAS HAIG'S REPORT.

## A MOST SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, in an order of the day, says:—

"The capture of the important Bourlon position crowns a most successful operation and opens the way for a further exploitation of the advantages already gained. The manner in which the Third Army adapted themselves to the new conditions was in all respects admirable, and the results gained have a far reaching importance."

The Tanks, for the first time, have been afforded an opportunity of working in large numbers and of showing special value under suitable conditions. Without them, the complete surprise gained would not have been possible. Their performances have entirely justified the trust placed in them."

Sir Douglas Haig pays a tribute to the splendid services of all arms in the field, especially the co-operation of the cavalry. He warmly congratulated General Sir Julian Byng, his Commander and Staffs for the manner in which they prepared and carried through the operations. He also expresses his obligation to the Staff and Services at the General Headquarters for the success with which they met the severe strain imposed by the arrangements for these operations, in addition to the sudden movement of troops to Italy. The operations of the Third Army at the front would, in all probability, have miscarried if the enemy had gained a timely warning of our intentions.

The most satisfactory feature to note in connection with these operations is the complete secrecy which was maintained.

BRILLIANT SUCCESS BY FRENCH TROOPS.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

A French communiqué states:—

There was reciprocal artillery firing north of Chemin-des-Dames and north-west of Rheims.

After a short artillery preparation we carried out a small operation north of Hill 344, on the right bank of the Meuse.

Despite the wind and a rain storm, on a 3½ kilometres front between Samogreux and the region south of the Augment Farm, our troops brilliantly carried the first and second enemy lines, also deep dug-outs on the southern slopes of the Bois-de-Caures Ravine.

Eight hundred prisoners at present are counted.

THE WRONG BAIT.

Not long ago a young fellow, fishing in a pond, was surprised in the private grounds of a gentleman. He was subsequently charged at the local police court with fishing in "preserved waters." His defence was rather ingenious.

According to his solicitor, defendant was not fishing at all.

"The facts are simple enough," said the lawyer. "My client, while looking on the river, lost a valuable gold watch chain. Returning home he borrowed a rod and line, and was endeavouring to recover his property from the bottom of the river, when the keeper appeared on the scene."

The Chairman smiled, and turned to the keeper referred to.

"You hear that?" he said. "Have you any remark to make?"

"Nobbut this," replied the individual addressed. "If he was fishin' for gold watch chains, what on earth was he baitin' wi' worms for?"

Result—Five shillings and costs.

WHY IT SELLS.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy is the largest selling cough medicine in the world today, because it does exactly what a cough remedy is supposed to do. It stops the cough by curing the cold and does it speedily and effectually. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

Mr. Lloyd George has often made important public speeches with chamberlain who, to say the least of it, were not ideal men for the job and he relates a humorous story of one of these occasions.

At a meeting in Wales at which Mr. Lloyd George was to speak, the chairman, a Welsh peasant, got up at the commencement of the proceedings and said:

"Gentlemen, I have to introduce to you to-night the Member for Carmarthen Boroughs. He has come to us to what the Bishop of—said about Welsh Disestablishment. In my opinion, gentlemen, the Bishop is one of the highest lords in creation, but thank Heaven, in Mr. Lloyd George we have a man who is not a lord."

Mr. Lloyd George laughed so much at Mr. Chairman's faux pas that it was some moments before he could begin his speech.

## JAPAN'S INTEREST IN THE WAR.

## THE SELF-PRESERVATION POLICY.

OSAKA, November 21st.

The pro-government Seiyukai Party has held a convention here which has been attended by 3,000 members, mostly from the rural districts.

Among the resolutions passed was one in favour of co-operation with the Allies in carrying the War through to a successful termination; another emphasising the special relationship existing with China and a third, recommending economic co-operation between the two peoples.

Mr. Takashi Hara, the Leader of the Seiyukai Party, when addressing the Convention, repeatedly emphasised the importance of Japan's national "self-preservation and self-support."

He said that after three years the end of the War could still not be predicted and the belligerents were concentrating their efforts on winning the War without regard for others. Consequently the policy of self-preservation and self-support was more and more being carried out, not only financially and economically but also internationally. Therefore Japan must also adopt the same policy. Such a policy of course would not mean the abandonment of her co-operation with her Allies or relaxation of her efforts to win the war.

With regard to conditions after the war Mr. Hara said that foreign nations would not be likely to discontinue their policy of self-preservation and self-support and it was highly probable that great world-wide competition would ensue in order to heal the wounds of the war and recover the resources wasted.

Mr. Hara called upon the Government and the people to show their determination upon what he called the policy of self-preservation and support as the basis of national policy. If such a policy is adopted a question like the steel-embargo can be solved easily.

Mr. Hara spoke at length concerning the system of education, transportation facilities and national defence, which, he advocated, must be improved according to the lessons of the European War with due respect to the condition of the country's finances.

His speech ended with attacks on the Okuma Ministry, Baron Kato and the Kenseikai Party.—Reuter.

TWO WOMEN.

The following article is from an American paper:—

"German newspapers have endeavoured to show that the execution by the French military authorities of Mata-Hari, the Dutch dancer, charged with espionage, was exactly similar to the execution of Edith Cavell, and have drawn a response from Jules Cambon, general secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. It is pointed out that Mata-Hari was a paid spy and the centre of a spying system, while Edith Cavell was moved to succour Belgian soldiers through compassion, and that her charitable works in Belgium will be remembered always."

"The acts of Edith Cavell which infuriated the brutal German Governor, Von Bissing, consisted of assisting Belgian soldiers to escape to Holland. No harm could come to the German army from those acts. Her woman's pity moved her to give assistance to fellow men in distress, but in the eyes of Von Bissing this constituted a crime which merited the extreme penalty."

"The case of Mata-Hari, the fascinating dancer, was vastly different. It was Mata-Hari who discovered the secret of the new British engines of war, the tanks, and sent a description of them by wireless from Spain to Nauen, Germany. As a result of that act, the Germans were prepared with special guns from the Krupp works and special soldiers were killed. Before Mata-Hari was shot she made a full confession. There was no doubt that she has been in the pay of the war, and her many acts of espionage cost France and Great Britain many valuable lives."

"The world, long accustomed to peace, will regret the grim military necessity of dealing with a spy without reference to sex. When a woman oversteps the law, man's chivalry prompts him to make light of it. Mercy usually tempers justice in dealing with her case. But in war there is a terrible code which prescribes death for the individual who violates the privileges of a friend or of a guest and sends military information to the enemy."

"Whatever compassion men may feel for the unfortunate, although mercenary, Mata-Hari, there can be no comparison between her and the saintly Edith Cavell. There was no taint of money in Edith Cavell's action; just the gentle sympathy of a splendid woman for unfortunate fellow men."

HIS LITERARY TASTE.

A bright little boy wrote recently to a relative of his, a Government official, asking for a copy of the official report on the trade of the United Kingdom.

The recipient of the letter was greatly pleased at the request and exhibited it to his friends. He wrote to the boy, however, asking what report was required, explaining that a volume was issued yearly.

The boy's reply read:—"I don't care which year it is; all I want is a book heavy enough to press wild flowers!"

EARLY COLDS.

BE careful of the colds you take at this time of the year. They are particularly dangerous. A neglected cold may mean a white-lunged child. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at once. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## HARPER &amp; CO. LTD'S. SPECIALITIES

## Dhobine

A Specific for Dhobie Itch, Ringworm, and all Parasitic Skin Diseases.—

Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Balsamic Cough Linctus

Pleasant to take, Effective, Harmless.—

Price \$1.00 & 1.50 per bottle.

Essence of Taraxacum & Podophyllin

An Invaluable Remedy for Liver Complaints and Indigestion.—

Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Hair Vita

A True Hair Grower.—

Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Tel. 462. 31, Queen's Road Central.

Queen's Dispensary

(HARPER & CO.)

OTHERS LOOK THE SAME

"MALTHOID"

IS THE SAME

EVERYDAY! EVERYWHERE!

A Mineral Roofing! Laid by our experts!

Guaranteed right!

Free particulars from

Agents, BRADLEY & Co. Ltd.

HONGKONG.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE

ENGLISH SAILORS

OF THE COLONY.

Diss Bros.

NO. 1 WYNDHAM ST.

(UPPER FLOOR)

SHANGHAI 1917

4% FRENCH LOAN

(RENTE PERPETUELLE 4%)

THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE that they are prepared to receive and forward to Paris, free of commission and telegram charges, at the selling rate of T. T. on Paris, APPLICATIONS FOR THE ABOVE LOAN, which will shortly be opened to public subscription.

The list of applications will be CLOSED IN PARIS ON DECEMBER 16th 1917, and those intending to subscribe are invited to supply without delay.











## HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Orders for Artillery Company by Captain J. H. W. Armstrong, V.D.

## PARADES.

AT BELCHERS BATTERY.  
THURSDAY, 29th instant—  
7.30 a.m. Right Half Company (Gun members other than specialists).  
5.15 p.m. Left Half Company (Gun members other than specialists).  
FRIDAY, 30th instant—  
7.30 a.m. Right Half Company Layers and Sappers Class only.

Orders for Engineer Company by Captain W. Russell.

23rd to 26th instant.  
2. L. manning nightly at Belchers and 1st Engineer Parades as per Rosters posted Headquarters.  
Engine drivers at 5.15 p.m.  
Electricians at 5.30 p.m.

OFFICERS' MEET FOR DUTY.  
Belchers, 2nd Lieut. Matthews.  
Lymington, Captain James.  
Stonecutters, 2nd Lieut. Marley.

PARADES FOR INSTRUCTIONS.  
Classes for higher ratings at Belchers at 6 p.m. on Tuesday and Thursday, under Staff Sergeants Orenden and Parsons, R.E. Corporal Day and 2nd Corporal Norris, R.E.D.C.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.

## PARADES.

"B" Company.  
(Members not in Camp).  
WEDNESDAY, 28th instant—  
4.30 p.m. No. 1 Platoon, at King's Park Range. Annual Musketry Course, part 2. Fraternities 8 and 9, Dress, Drill order with pouches.

"D" Company.  
WEDNESDAY, 28th instant—  
5.15 p.m. New members (joined since 1.10.17) at Headquarters, under C.S.M. Cooke and such other instructors as may be available.

5.15 p.m. Quarry Bay residents, at Taikeo Dock.

Orders for Cadet Company by 2nd Lieut. J. E. W. Board.

## PARADES.

WEDNESDAY, 28th instant—  
5.15 p.m. Nos. 3 and 4 Sections at Yau-mat Football Ground.  
5.30 p.m. Buglers at Yau-mat Football Ground.  
6.30 p.m. Gymnasium at St. Andrew's Church Hall.

## TO LET

## TO LET.

ON MONTHLY TENANCY.  
GODOWN, HOUSE, &c. situated on M. L. 1, Shaukiwan, known as Blackhead's Soap Works.  
Apply to—  
LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS.  
Hongkong, Nov. 28, 1917. 2303

## TO LET.

IMMEDIATE ENTRY, four very desirable SHOPS situated in Ice House Street, opposite the Grand Hotel, recently reconstructed.  
For rent, and other particulars apply to the Manager, Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd., 46 Connaught Road Central.  
Hongkong, August 2, 1917. 2003

## TO LET.

HOUSES in Morston Terrace and Broadwood Terrace.  
OFFICES in York Building.  
HOUSES on Shamone, Canton.  
Apply to—  
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

## TO LET.

A FLAT in Nathan Road, Kowloon.  
Four roomed house in Kowloon.  
Apply to—  
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.  
Aldersgate Buildings.  
Hongkong, August 23, 1917.

## SILIMPON (SEBATHIC) COAL

THE Underigned having been appointed AGENTS for the OOWIK HARBOR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL delivered into Bunkers at SEBATHIC or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).

SILIMPON COAL compares favorably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Shippers calling at SEBATHIC or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or bunkers) are exempt from payment of 21 Poin charges.

Orders of their Hon. (Sebathic Harb.) and all other information, concerning the fact that it had no application to the Agency.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.  
Agents for the OOWIK HARBOR COAL CO., LTD.

## COMPARE THE WORK!

The Royal Typewriter.  
Prices \$230 to \$280.  
LESS EXCHANGE ALLOWANCE.

ALEX. ROSS & Co.,  
TEL. 77. 4, Des Vaux Road.

## HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

## Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin—Mei Lung Pa	each 21
" Prime Cut	" 21
" Corned—Ham Ngau Yuk	" 20
" Roast—Shiu	" 18
" Breast—Ngau Nam	" 13
" Soup—Toog Yuk	" 10
" Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa	" 20
" Steak Sirloin—Ngau Lan	" 30
" Sausages—Ngau Cheung	" 36

Bullock's Brains—Ngau No per set	9
" Tongue, fresh—Ngau Li each	45
" Tongue, corned—Ham Ngau Li	each 60 cents

" Head—Ngau Tau	each 80
" Heart—Ngau Sam	" 13
" Lump, Salt—Ngau Kin	" 18
" Feet—Ngau Keuk	each 10
" Kidneys—Ngau Yiu	" 18
" Tail—Ngau Mei	" 18
" Liver—Ngau Kon	" 12
" Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To lb.	6

Calves' Head and Feet—Ngau-tai-tau-keuk	set \$1.00
Mutton Chop—Yeung Pei Kwat	lb. 28
" Leg—Yeung Pei	" 26
" Shoulder—Yeung Shau	" 24
" Saddle—Yeung On Yuk	" 18

Pig's Chittlings—Chu Chong	set 4
" Brains—Chu No	per set 3
" Feet—Chu Kank	" 14
" Fry—Chu Chap	" 20
" Head—Chu Tau	" 18
" Heart—Chu Sam	each 10
" Kidneys—Chu Yiu	" 10
" Liver—Chu Kon	" 10

Pork Chop—Chu Fai Kwat	lb. 24
" Leg—Chu Fai	" 28
" Loin—Chu Hau Tun	" 28
" Fat or Lard—Chu Yau	" 21

Sheep's Head and Feet—Yeung	set 60
" Tail Keuk	" 80
" Heart—Yeung Sam	each 8
" Kidneys—Yeung Yiu	each 12
" Liver—Yeung Kon	lb. 26

Sucking Pigs, in order—Chu Tai	—
" Suet, Beef—Shang Ngau Yau	" 20
" Mutton—Shang Yeung Yau	" 28
" Veal—Ngau Tai Yuk	" 20
" Sausages—Ngau Tai Cheung	lb. 20

Lard—Chu Yau	lb. 15
--------------	--------

## Fish.

Barbel—Ka Yu	lb. 26
Bream—Pin Yu	" 18
Canton Fresh Water Fish—Hoi Sin Yu	" 18

Carp—Li Yu	" 22
Catfish—Chik Yu	" 14
Crabs—Hoi Yu	" 18
Crabs—Hoi Yu	" 18
Cuttle Fish—Muk Yu	" 18

Dab—Sha Ming Yu	" 32
Dace—Wong Mei Lap	" 10
Dog Fish—Tsi To Sha	" 10
Eels—Conger—Hoi Ma	" 14

Fresh water—Tam Shui Yu	" 18
" Yellow—Wong Sin	" 24
Frogs—Tin Kai	" 36
Garoupa—Shak Pan	" 44
Gudgong—Pak Kap Yu	" 17

Herrings—Tio Pak	" 22
Halibut—Cheung Kwau Kap	" 22
Labrids—Wong Fa Yu	" 20
Loach—Wu Yu	" 26
Lobsters—Lung Ha	" 29

Mackerel—Chi Yu	" 22
Menk Fish—Mong Yu	" 34
Mullet—Tsi Yu	" 16
Oysters—Shang Ho	" 18
Parrot Fish—Kai Kung Yu	" 14

Porch—Tau Lo	" 18
Pike—Ya Fan Fong	" 18
Plaice—Pan Yu	" 18
Pomfret, Black—Hak Chong	" 22
Pomfret, White—Pak Chong	" 22

Prawns—Ming Ha	" 34
Ray—Pai Pa Sha	" 10
Rock Fish—Shak Kau Kung	" 15
Rock—Chun Yu	" 14
Salmon—Ma Yu	" 32

Shark—Sha Yu	" 8
Sharks—Po Yu	" 8
Shrimps—Ha	" 25
Souppier—Lap Yu	" 28
Soles—Tat Shu Yu	" 28

Tench—Wan Yu	" 18
Turbot—Tio Hau Yu	" 18
Turtles, small, fresh water	" 80

## Poultry.

Chicken—Kai Tai	lb. 30
Cowbirds—Shu Kai	" 30
Cowbirds, Large—Shu Kai	" 30
Duck—Ap	" 24
Doves—Pan Kan	" 18

Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17

Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17
Eggs, Hen—Kai Tai (fresh) per doz.	17

## Pigeons, Canton—Pak Kap

each 30	
Hohow—Hoi Haa Pak Kap	each 24
Turkeys, Cook—Fo Kai Kung lb.	60
Turkeys, Hen—Fo Kai Na	60

Snipe—Sha Tui	each 22
Phasian—Shan Kai	" 22
Quail—Om Chun	" 22
Partridges—Che Ka	" 22

## FRUITS

Almonds—Hang Yan	lb. 35
Apples, (California)—Kam Shan	lb. 18
Bananas, (young)—Miao, (small)	each 11

Carambola, (bride's)	each 11
Cocoanuts, Y-Tao	each 10
Lemons, China—Ling Mon	lb. 8
Lemons, America—Ling Mon	lb. 8

Lichees, Dried, (small)	each 10
Lichees, (large)	each 10
Oranges, (Canton), (Sweet)	each 10

Oranges, (Canton), (Sweet)	each 10
Pears, (Canton), (Sweet)	each 10
Peaches, (Canton), (Sweet)	each 10
Persimmons, Large—Hung Tao	each 12

Plantain—Tsi Chiu	each 12
Pineapple, (small)	each 11
Pineapple, (large)	each 11
Walnuts—Hoi To	each 14

Grapes—Po Tai Tai	each 28
-------------------	---------

## Vegetables, &amp;c.

Artichokes—Ah Chi Cheuk	each 10
Beans, Sprout—Ngau Tai	lb. 4
Long—Tau Nok	each 9

Beet Root—Hung Tai Tau	each 8
Bitter Squash—Fu Kwa	each 7
Brinjals, Green—Ching Yun Kwa	each 5
" Red—Hung Ke	each 15

Cabbage, Chinese, (common)	each 8
" Shanghai—Ye Tai	each 16
Cauliflower (Large)—Ye Tai	each 16
" (Medium)	each 16

" (Small)	each 16
Carrots—Kam Shan	each 18
Celery, Chinese—Tong Kan Tai	each 9

Chilies, Dried—Kon Lat Chiu	each 25
" Red—Hung Fa Chiu	each 12
" Green—Ching Lat Chiu	each 12
Curry Stuff, English—Ka Li Chu Liu	each 10

Cucumbers—Ching Kwa	each 2
Garlic—Yan Tau	each 18
Ginger, young—Sun Tse Keung	each 8

Ginger, old—Lo Keung	each 10
Horseradish, Shinghai—Lik Kan	each 45
Indian Corn—Shak Mai	each 06
Lettuce—Yeung Shang Tai	each 1

Water Chestnuts—Ma Tai	each 5
" Mandarin—Kwai	each 8
" Lam Ma Tai	each 8
Mushrooms, Fresh—Shang Tao Kai	each 10

Okra—Shang Tao Kai	each 10
Onions, Bombay—Yeung Chung Tau	each 8
Onions, Green—Shang Chung	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15

Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15
Onions, Shinghai—Shinghai	each 15



## Banish That Pimple with Cuticura

Cuticura Soap cleanses, purifies and beautifies, while the Ointment soothes and heals pimples, blackheads, etc. Do not confound these fragrant, delicate emollients with coarsely medicated soaps and ointments.

Sample Each Free by Post. Address post-card to—  
"P. Newbury & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Lane, London." Sent every where.

## POST OFFICE NOTICES.

The Parcel Post Services to British East Africa and Egypt (except for members of the Expeditionary Forces) and to Abyssinia, Bagdad, Brithra, French Somali Coast, Italian Somaliland, Portuguese East Africa, Zanzibar and Russia have been suspended.

## LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS

## OUTWARD.

For	Week-Days	Sundays & Holidays
-----	-----------	--------------------

Lai O	5.00 P.M.	
Tai Po	10.00 A.M.	9.30 A.M.
Cheung Chow	7.30 A.M.	3 P.M.

Shatankok, Sha-tin and Shuangshui	4.00 P.M.	
Aberdeen, Antau Ping Shan, Sai Kung, Santa, Stanley	4.30 P.M.	

## FROM SHEUNGWAN WESTERN BRANCH P.O.

For	Week-Days	Sundays & Holidays
-----	-----------	--------------------

Macao	7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.
Macao	1.30 P.M.	1.30 P.M.
Macao	7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.

Canton	7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.
Canton	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Canton	7.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.